

(19)



Europäisches Patentamt

European Patent Office

Office européen des brevets



(11)

EP 1 103 553 A2

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication:

30.05.2001 Bulletin 2001/22(21) Application number: **00310357.9**(22) Date of filing: **22.11.2000**

(51) Int Cl.⁷: **C07D 487/04**, C07D 498/04,
C07D 215/12, C07D 215/14,
C07D 213/64, A61K 31/519,
A61K 31/5365, A61K 31/47,
A61K 31/44, A61P 25/00
// (C07D487/04, 239:00,
209:00),
(C07D498/04, 265:00, 239:00)

(84) Designated Contracting States:

**AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU
MC NL PT SE TR**

Designated Extension States:

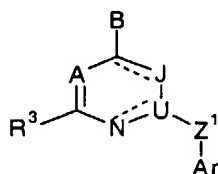
AL LT LV MK RO SI(30) Priority: **23.11.1999 US 167162 P**(71) Applicant: **Pfizer Products Inc.****Groton, Connecticut 06340 (US)**

(72) Inventor: **Chen, Yuhpyng Liang,**
Pfizer Central Research
Groton, Connecticut 06340 (US)

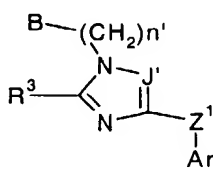
(74) Representative: **Motion, Keith Robert et al**
Pfizer Limited
Patents Department
Ramsgate Road
Sandwich, Kent CT13 9NJ (GB)

(54) **Substituted heterocyclic derivatives**

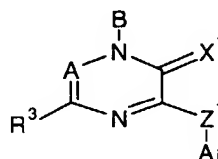
(57) CRF antagonists of Formulas I-V, wherein the B group in the Formulas contains an oxime.



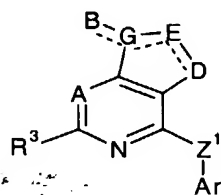
I



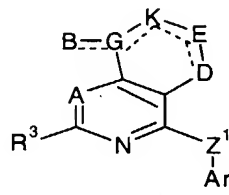
II



III



IV



V

The variables in the Formulas have the meanings described herein.

Description

Background of the invention

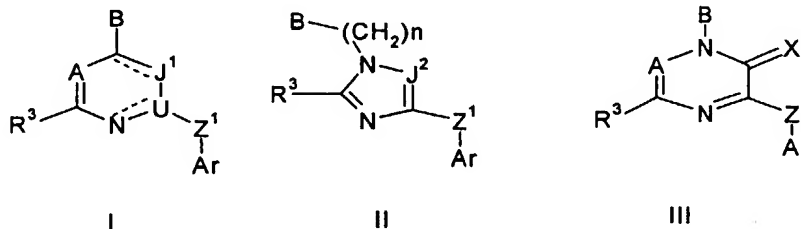
[0001] This invention relates to certain pharmaceutically active substituted heterocyclic derivatives, pharmaceutical compositions containing them and methods of administering them to subjects in need of their corticotropin releasing factor antagonist activity.

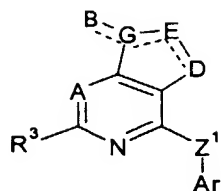
[0002] CRF antagonists are referred to in U.S. Patents 4,605,642 (issued August 12, 1986) and 5,063,245 (issued November 5, 1991) and in International patent publications WO 95/33750 (published December 14, 1995); WO 95/34563 (published December 21, 1995); WO 94/13676 (published June 23, 1994); WO 94/13677 (published June 23, 1994); WO 95/33727 (published December 14, 1995); WO 98/05661 (published February 12, 1998); WO 98/08847 (published March 5, 1998); and WO 98/08846 (published March 5, 1998) and European patent publications EP 778277 (published June 11, 1997) and EP 773023 (published May 14, 1997). CRF antagonists are also referred to in the following patent publications: EP 576350; WO 95/10506 (published April 20, 1995); WO 96/35689 (published November 14, 1996); WO 96/39400 (published December 12, 1996); WO 97/00868 (published January 9, 1997); WO 97/14684 (published April 24, 1997); WO 97/29109 (published August 14, 1997); WO 97/29110 (published August 14, 1997); WO 97/35580 (published October 2, 1997); WO 97/35846 (published October 2, 1997); WO 97/44038 (published November 27, 1997); WO 98/03510 (published January 29, 1998); WO 98/08821 (published March 5, 1998); WO 98/11075 (published March 19, 1998); WO 98/15543 (published April 16, 1998); WO 98/21200 (published May 22, 1998); WO 98/27066 (published June 25, 1998); WO 98/29397 (published July 9, 1998); WO 98/29413 (published July 9, 1998); WO 98/42699 (published October 1, 1998); WO 98/35967 (published August 20, 1998); WO 98/45295 (published October 15, 1998); WO 98/47874 (published October 29, 1998); WO 98/47903 (published October 29, 1998); WO 99/01454 (published January 14, 1999); WO 99/01439 (published January 14, 1999); WO 99/10350 (published March 4, 1999); WO 99/12908 (published March 18, 1999); WO 99/00373 (published January 7, 1999); and WO 99/38868 (published August 5, 1999).

[0003] The importance of CRF antagonists is set out in the literature, e.g., P. Black, Scientific American SCIENCE & MEDICINE, 1995, p. 16-25; T. Lovenberg, et al., Current Pharmaceutical Design, 1995, 1:305-316; and United States Patent 5,063,245. An outline of activities possessed by CRF antagonists is found in M. J. Owens et al., Pharm. Rev., 1991, 43:425-473. CRF antagonists have been referred to as effective in the treatment of stress-related illnesses, mood disorders such as depression, major depressive disorder, single episode depression, recurrent depression, child abuse induced depression, postpartum depression, dysthymia, bipolar disorders; schizophrenia; cyclothymia; chronic fatigue syndrome; eating disorders such as anorexia and bulimia nervosa; generalized anxiety disorder; panic disorder; phobias; obsessive-compulsive disorder, post-traumatic stress disorder, pain perception such as fibromyalgia; headache; gastrointestinal diseases; hemorrhagic stress; ulcers; stress-induced psychotic episodes; fever; diarrhea; post-operative ileus; colonic hypersensitivity; irritable bowel syndrome; Crohn's disease; spastic colon; inflammatory disorders such as rheumatoid arthritis and osteoarthritis; pain; asthma; psoriasis; allergies; osteoporosis; premature birth; hypertension, congestive heart failure; sleep disorders; neurodegenerative diseases such as Alzheimer's disease, senile dementia of the Alzheimer's type, multiinfarct dementia, Parkinson's disease, and Huntington's disease; head trauma; ischemic neuronal damage; excitotoxic neuronal damage; epilepsy; stroke; spinal cord trauma; psychosocial dwarfism; euthyroid sick syndrome; syndrome of inappropriate antidiuretic hormone; obesity; chemical dependencies and addictions; drug and alcohol withdrawal symptoms; cancer; infertility; muscular spasms; urinary incontinence; hypoglycemia and immune dysfunctions including stress induced immune dysfunctions, immune suppression and human immunodeficiency virus infections; and stress-induced infections in humans and animals.

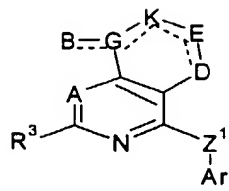
Summary of the Invention

[0004] The present invention relates to a compound selected from Formulas I to V:





IV



V

wherein:

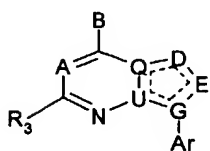
the dashed lines in the figures represent optional double bonds;

n is 0 or 1;

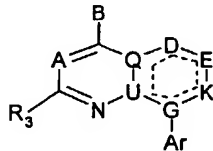
A is nitrogen or CR⁷;

B is -C(R²)(=NY¹R¹), -(Y³)-C(R²)(=NY¹R¹), -NR¹⁶R², -NHCR¹⁶R², -SCHR¹⁶R², -CHR¹⁶R², -C(OH)R¹⁶R², -CHR¹⁶(OR¹²), -C(F)R¹⁶R², -C(OMe)R¹⁶R², -CR¹⁶(=CR²R¹), -CHR¹⁶(NR¹), =C(R²)(R¹⁶), -C(N(C₀-C₄alkyl)R²)(=NY¹R¹), -Y³C(Y²R²)(=NY¹R¹), -C(R²)(NR¹⁴C(=X²)NR¹R¹⁵), -C(R²)(OC(=X²)NR¹R¹⁵), -C(R²)(NR¹⁴C(=X²)R¹⁵), or -V¹-V², provided that B may be =C(R²)(R¹⁶) only in the compounds of Formulas IV and V and only where G is carbon in the compounds of Formulas IV and V;

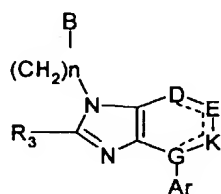
J¹ and J² are independently nitrogen or CR⁵; or J¹ or J² optionally connects to Z¹ to form a compound of Formula VI to IX;



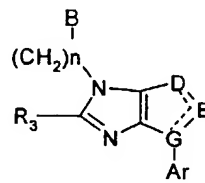
VI



VII



VIII



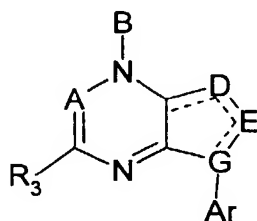
IX

Q and U are independently nitrogen or carbon provided that Q and U are not both nitrogen;

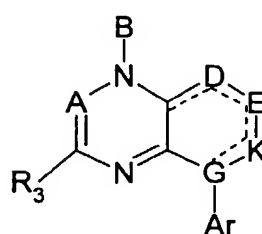
V¹ is (C₀-C₁ alkylene), O, S, NH, or -N(C₁-C₄ alkylene);

V² is a five to eight membered carbocyclic ring wherein one or two of the carbocyclic ring carbons may optionally and independently be replaced by O, S, N, or NZ³, and the ring optionally contains one to three double bonds, further wherein the ring is optionally substituted with from one to two R²² substituents and wherein the ring or R²² comprises the moiety C=N-Y¹-(C₁-C₄ alkylene);

X¹ is O, S, =NOH, =NO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), or =C(H)(R⁵), =C(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(R⁵), wherein said C₁-C₄ alkyl in said X¹ group is optionally substituted with F, -O(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -OCF₃, -OCHF₂, or OH; or X¹ may bond to Z¹ to form a compound of Formula X or XI:



X

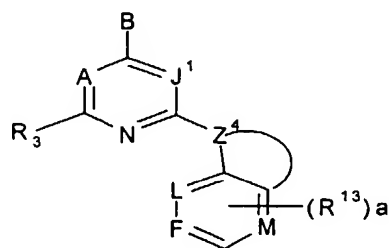


XI

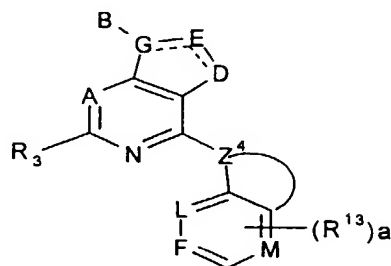
X² is S or O;

Y¹, Y², and Y³ are each independently O, S, NH, or -N(C₁-C₄ alkyl);

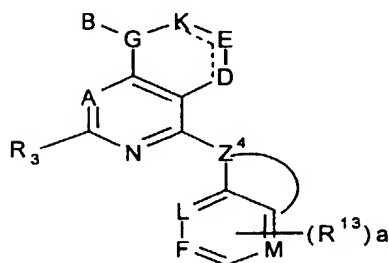
Z¹ is O, S, NH, -N(C₁-C₂ alkyl), NCOCF₃, NCO(C₁-C₂ alkyl), or -C(R¹¹)(R¹²), or Z¹ may bond to J¹, J², or X¹ to form said compounds of Formulas VI to XI, or Z¹ may bond to Ar at the ortho position of Ar to form a five or six membered fused ring in the compounds of Formulas XII to XV:



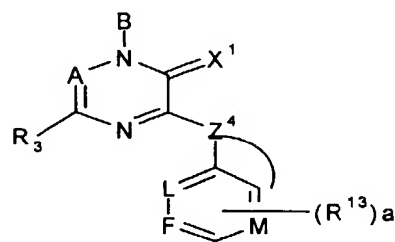
XII



XIII



XIV



XV

wherein:

D and E are independently selected from nitrogen and CR⁴ when double bonded to any adjacent ring atom, or are independently selected from C=O, C=S, sulfur, oxygen, C(R⁴)(R⁶), and NR⁸ when single bonded to both adjacent ring atoms;

F, M, and L are independently nitrogen or carbon, wherein the ring containing F, M, and L is selected from phenyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl, and pyridazinyl;

K is selected from nitrogen and CR⁶ when it is double bonded to any adjacent ring atom, or K is selected from oxygen, sulfur, C=O, C=S, CR⁶R¹², and NR⁸ when it is single bonded to both adjacent atoms, or K is two bonded atoms, wherein one of the atoms is oxygen, sulfur, nitrogen, CR⁶, C=O, C=S, CR⁶R¹², or NR⁸, and the other is CR⁹ or CR⁶R¹²;

G is nitrogen or carbon, provided that when G is nitrogen it is single bonded to the adjacent E or K and when G is carbon it is double bonded to the adjacent E or K, further provided that G may be a double bonded to B only where G is carbon, and that where G is double bonded to B, it is single bonded to E in Formulas IV and XIII and single bonded to K in Formulas V and XIV and further where G is double bonded to B, B is C(R²)(R¹⁶);

wherein the ring containing D, E, K, G, in Formula VII, VIII, or XI optionally has from one to three double bonds, from zero to two heteroatoms, and from zero to two C=O or C=S groups;

and wherein the ring containing D, E, G atoms in Formula VI, IX, or X optionally has one to two double bonds;

further wherein when

Z¹ connects to the ortho position of Ar to form a five or six membered ring of a compound of Formulas XII to XV, the ring optionally contains from one to two double bonds, and wherein one or two of the carbon atoms of said

five- to six- membered ring of Formulas XII to XV may optionally and independently be replaced by an oxygen or sulfur atom or by NZ²;

Z² is hydrogen or C₁-C₄ alkyl;

Z³ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, or benzyl;

Z⁴ is N, CH, or C(C₁-C₂ alkyl) when single bonded to both adjacent ring atoms, and Z⁴ is carbon when double bonded to either adjacent ring atom;

a is from one to four;

Ar is C₆-C₁₀ aryl or 5-10 membered heteroaryl, wherein Ar is optionally substituted with from one to four R¹³ substituents, and wherein two adjacent R¹³ substituents optionally form a five to seven membered ring structure fused to Ar, which five to seven membered ring may be further substituted with from one to four independently selected R¹³ substituents, and which five to seven membered ring optionally contains one to three double bonds and one to three heteroatoms selected from O, S, N, and NZ³, further wherein Ar may bond to Z¹ at the ortho position of Ar to form said compounds of Formulas XII to XV;

R¹ is H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₆-C₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, (C₁-C₆ alkylene)-(C₆-C₁₀ aryl), (C₁-C₆ alkylene)-(5-10 membered heteroaryl), C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₆ alkylene)-(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), C₃-C₈ spiroalkyl, C₃-C₈ heterocycloalkyl, or (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-(C₃-C₆ heterocycloalkyl), wherein each of said R¹ groups is optionally substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from hydroxy, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, C₁-C₆ alkyl, alkoxy, CF₃, -C(=O)O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -OC(=O)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, -OC(=O)N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₂ alkyl), -NHCO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -COOH, -COO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -CONH₂, -CONH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₂ alkyl), -S(C₁-C₄ alkyl), CN, -NO₂, -SO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -SO₂(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -SO₂NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl) -SO₂N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₂ alkyl), and NR¹⁷R¹⁸, wherein each of the alkyl moieties of said R¹ groups that contains three or more carbons optionally contains one or two double or triple bonds and wherein each of the C₁-C₂ alkyl moieties in said R¹ groups optionally contains one double or triple bond, provided that when Y¹ is S, or O, and Y¹ is attached to R¹, then R¹ is not H;

R² is H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₆-C₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, (C₁-C₆ alkylene)-Y¹-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), (C₁-C₆ alkylene)-(C₆-C₁₀ aryl), (C₁-C₆ alkylene)-(5-10 membered heteroaryl), C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₆ alkylene)-(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), wherein each of said R² groups is optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from chloro, fluoro and C₁-C₄ alkyl, or with one substituent selected from hydroxy, bromo, iodo, C₁-C₆ alkoxy, -OC(=O)(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -OC(=O)NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -OC(=O)N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₂ alkyl), -S(C₁-C₆ alkyl), amino, -NH(C₁-C₂ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₂ alkyl)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)-CO-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -NHCO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -COOH, -COO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -CONH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₂ alkyl), -SH, -CN, -NO₂, -SO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -SO₂(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -SO₂NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl) and -SO₂N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₂ alkyl), provided that when Y² is S, or O, then R² is not H; R³ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, -O(C₁-C₄ alkyl), chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, CF₃, (C₁-C₂ alkylene)O(C₁-C₂ alkyl), (C₁-C₂ alkylene)-OH, -S(C₁-C₄ alkyl) or -SO₂(C₁-C₄ alkyl);

R⁴ and R⁶ are each independently hydrogen, OH, (C₁-C₆ alkyl), or one of R⁴ or R⁶ is hydrogen, (C₁-C₄ alkyl), CF₃, CH₂CF₃, CF₂CF₃, and the other is -CO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -S(C₁-C₂ alkyl), -O(C₁-C₄ alkyl), or -NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), wherein adjacent substituents at D and E may optionally form a 5 to 6 membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring fused to the bicyclic ring containing D and E, wherein said heterocyclic ring contains 1 to 3 heteroatoms, and wherein CR⁴R⁶ optionally forms a C₃-C₅ carbocyclic ring wherein one member of said C₃-C₅ carbocyclic ring may optionally be replaced with O;

R⁵ is hydrogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, hydroxy, cyano, amino, (C₁-C₂ alkylene)-OH, (C₁-C₂ alkylene)-O(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -CH₂OCF₃, CF₃, -CH₂SMe, -S(C₁-C₃ alkyl), nitro, -O(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₂ alkyl), -S(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -C(=O)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -C(=NOH)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -C(=NO-(C₁-C₄ alkyl))(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -C(=O)H, -C(=O)O(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -CONR¹⁷R¹⁸, wherein each of the C₁-C₄ alkyl moieties of R⁵ optionally contains one double or triple bond and is optionally substituted with one substituent selected from hydroxy, amino, NHCOCH₃, NH(C₁-C₂ alkyl), and N(C₁-C₂ alkyl)₂;

R⁷ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, chloro, fluoro, iodo, bromo, hydroxy, -O(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -C(=O)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -C(=O)O(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -OCF₃, -CF₃, -CH₂OH or -CH₂O(C₁-C₂ alkyl);

R⁸, R⁹, and R¹⁰ are independently hydrogen or C₁-C₄ alkyl;

R¹¹ and R¹² are independently hydrogen, trifluoromethyl or methyl, or one of R¹¹ and R¹² is cyano and the other is hydrogen or methyl;

R¹³ is fluoro, chloro, iodo, bromo, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), -O(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -O(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), -O-(C₁-C₄ alkylene)-(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), formyl, OH, OCF₃, OCHF₂, (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-OH, (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₂ alkyl), -CN, -CF₃, CHF₂, NO₂, -NH₂, -NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₂ alkyl)(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -OC(=O)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -S(C₁-C₆ alkyl), (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-S-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -C(=O)O(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -C(=O)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), (C₀-C₂ alkylene)-C(=N-O(C₀-C₄ alkyl)), -COOH, -SO₂NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -SO₂N(C₁-C₂ alkyl)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -SO₂NH₂, -NHSO₂(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -S(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -SO₂(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -CONR¹⁷R¹⁸, (C₁-C₂ alkylene)NR¹⁷R¹ and C₃-C₈ carbocyclic ring in which one or two carbon atoms may be replaced with O, S, or

N to form a heterocyclic ring and wherein said carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring may optionally contain one to three double bonds, and wherein each of the C₁-C₄ alkyl and C₁-C₆ alkyl moieties in said R¹³ group optionally has one or two double bonds, and said C₁-C₄ alkylene and said C₁-C₆ alkyl in said R¹³ group is optionally substituted with C₁-C₄ alkyl or F;

R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are independently selected from H, C₁-C₄ alkyl, -CH₂(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), and C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl;

R¹⁶ is -R¹⁹-C(=N-Y¹R¹)-R²⁰, wherein each alkyl or alkylene group in said R¹⁶ group optionally contains one or two double or triple bonds;

R¹⁷ and R¹⁸ are independently H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, or C₃-C₈ heterocycloalkyl; or NR¹⁷R¹⁸ forms a C₄-C₆ heterocyclo ring which is optionally substituted with hydrogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, CONH₂, CO[N(C₀-C₄ alkyl)(C₀-C₄ alkyl)], or C₄-C₈ heterocycloalkyl;

R¹⁹ is C₁-C₆ alkylene, (C₁-C₆ alkylene)-Y¹-(alkylene), CO, CS, SO, SO₂, wherein said alkylene is optionally substituted with hydroxy, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, CF₃, CHF₂, O-CF₃, OCHF₂, -C(=O)O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -OC(=O)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -OC(=O)N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₂ alkyl), -NHCO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -COOH, -COO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -CONH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₂ alkyl), -S(C₁-C₄ alkyl), CN, -NO₂, -SO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -SO₂(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -SO₂NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl) or -SO₂N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₂ alkyl);

R²⁰ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, (C₀-C₄ alkylene)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸, or (C₁-C₆ alkylene)-G-R²¹, wherein G' is oxygen or sulfur; R²¹ is hydrogen, CF₃, or C₁-C₄ alkyl; and

R²² is hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, -O(C₁-C₄ alkyl), chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, CF₃, (C₁-C₂ alkylene)O(C₁-C₂ alkyl), (C₁-C₂ alkylene)-OH, -S(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -SO₂(C₁-C₄ alkyl); or C=N-Y¹-(C₁-C₄ alkyl);

provided that in the five, six or seven membered rings of any of the above Formulae, there are not two adjacent double bonds and not two adjacent oxygen atoms;

and wherein, unless otherwise indicated, heteroaryl contains one to five heteroatoms selected from S, SO, SO₂, O, N, and NZ³ and contains no S-S, O-O, or S-O bonds, and heterocyclyl contains one to four heteroatoms selected from O, S, N, or NZ³, and one to three double bonds, and alkyl, alkoxy, spiroalkyl, cycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkyl optionally contain from one to three double or triple bonds;

and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts and prodrugs of the compound.

[0005] It is understood according to conventional organic chemistry rules that in the above formulae I to XV wherein nitrogen is attached to adjacent atoms by a total of three bonds (i.e., a trivalent bond); similarly, carbon has four bonds (i.e., a tetravalent bond), and oxygen has two bonds (i.e., a bivalent bond). It is also understood that an alkyl moiety must have at least two carbon atoms to contain a double or triple bond and must have at least four carbon atoms to contain two double or triple bonds, and that no carbon atom in the chain can be double bonded to more than one other carbon atom in the chain.

[0006] In one embodiment of the invention, the compound is of the Formula VI wherein A is N and Q, U, D, G, and E form a pyrrolo or pyrazolo ring.

[0007] In another embodiment, the compound is of the Formula VI wherein A is CH, CMe, and Q, U, D, G, and E form a pyrrolo or pyrazolo ring.

[0008] In another embodiment, the compound is of the Formula I wherein the ring containing A, J, and U is a pyridine ring, and Z¹ is O or S.

[0009] In another embodiment, the compound is of the Formula I wherein the ring containing A, J, and U is a pyridine ring, and Z¹ is NH or CH₂.

[0010] In another embodiment, the compound is of the Formula I wherein the ring containing A, J, and U is a pyrimidine ring, and Z¹ is O, S, or NH.

[0011] In a further embodiment, the compound is of the Formula VII wherein A is N and the ring containing Q, U, D, E, K, and G is a dihydro-oxazino ring.

[0012] In a further embodiment, the compound is of the Formula VII wherein A is CH and the ring containing Q, U, D, E, K, and G is a dihydro-oxazino ring.

[0013] The invention also relates to the embodiment wherein the compound is of the Formula VII and Q and U are carbon. It further relates to the embodiment wherein the compound is of the Formula VII, and A is CR⁷, and D and E are CR⁴ or C(R⁴)(R⁶).

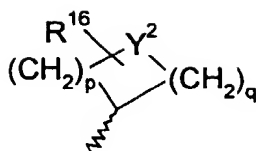
[0014] In one embodiment, the compound is of the Formula VII wherein A is N.

[0015] In one embodiment of the compounds, B is -C(R²)(=N-O-R¹).

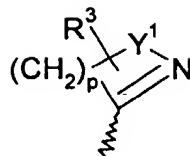
[0016] In another embodiment, B is -C(R²)(=N-NH-R¹), or -C(R²)(=N-N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)R¹).

[0017] In further embodiments of the invention, B is -C(R²)(OC(=O)NR¹R¹⁵), -C(R²)(NR¹⁴C(=O)NR¹R¹⁵) or NR¹⁶R².

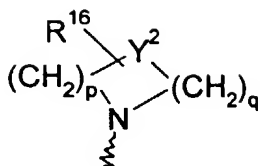
[0018] In another embodiment, V² is selected from structures XVI-XX:



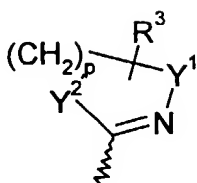
XVI



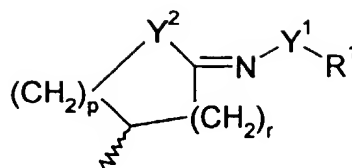
XVII



XVIII



XIX



XX

wherein p is 0-3, r is 0-2, and q is 1-3.

[0019] In another embodiment, the compound is of Formula VII, VIII, or XI wherein the ring containing D, E, K, G is a 6-membered aromatic/heteroaromatic ring selected from benzo, pyrido, pyridazino, or pyrimido.

[0020] In one example of this embodiment, the compound is of Formula VII and the ring containing D, E, K, G is a benzo ring, particularly also where A is a CH or CMe, or A is N. In a further preferred aspect of the invention, and particularly of this embodiment, R² is aryl, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, C₃-C₈ heterocycloalkyl, (C₁-C₄ alkyl)-(C₃-C₈ heterocycloalkyl), (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), CF₃, or CF₂CF₃. In one embodiment, R² is thiazolyl, pyridyl, C₁-C₄ alkyl, or CF₃. In another aspect of the invention, and particularly of this embodiment, R¹ is preferably C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkyl-OH.

[0021] In another embodiment, Ar is phenyl, thiazolyl, naphthyl, thienyl, benzothienyl, pyridyl, quinolyl, quinazolinyl, quinoxaliny, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, imidazolyl, furanyl, benzimidazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyrrolyl, indolyl, pyrrolopyridyl, oxazolyl and benzoxazolyl, or benzothiadiazole. Preferably, Ar is phenyl or pyridyl.

[0022] In another embodiment, Ar, particularly wherein Ar is phenyl, has two or three R¹³ substituents independently selected from C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₂ alkylene)-(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), -O-(C₁-C₂ alkylene)-(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), -O-(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), -O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), CF₃, -OCF₃, -CHO, (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-OH, -C(OH)(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), cyano, chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo, wherein each of the foregoing (C₁-C₄) alkyl groups optionally contains one double or triple bond.

[0023] In another embodiment wherein two adjacent R¹³ substituents optionally form a five to seven membered ring structure fused to Ar, the ring structure that is fused is a dioxoalkylene ring or dioxane ring, or a morpholino, piperidino, piperazino, pyrrolidino, oxodiazole, or thiadiazole ring.

[0024] In yet another embodiment, R³ is C₁-C₄ alkyl, chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo or -O-(C₁-C₄) alkyl.

[0025] In another embodiment, R¹ is H, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), or -C₁-C₄ alkyl-OH.

[0026] In a further embodiment, R¹ is H, C₁-C₄ alkyl, (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-OH, or (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), R² is methyl, ethyl, pyridin-2-yl, or trifluoromethyl, R³ is methyl, each of R⁴ and R⁶ is, independently, hydrogen or methyl, and R¹³ is methyl.

[0027] In another embodiment, R¹ is H or C₁-C₄ alkyl, R² is methyl, ethyl, pyridin-2-yl, or trifluoromethyl, R³ is methyl, R⁴ is hydrogen or methyl, R⁷ is H or methyl, R¹³ is methyl, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are independently H or C₁-C₄ alkyl, and R¹⁶ does not contain any optional double or triple bond.

[0028] In another embodiment, R² is C₁-C₄ alkyl and R¹⁶ is (C₁-C₂ alkylene)-C[=NO(C₀-C₂ alkyl)](C₁-C₂ alkyl).

[0029] In another embodiment, B is $-C(R^2)(=NOR^1)$, wherein R^2 is C_1 - C_4 alkyl, pyridyl, thiazolyl, CF_3 , CF_3CF_2 , and R^1 is H or C_1 - C_4 alkyl.

[0030] In another embodiment, B forms a five membered heterocyclic ring.

[0031] In a further embodiment, B is thiazolidino ring with a substituent of $(C_0$ - C_2 alkylene)- $C[=NO(C_0$ - C_2 alkyl)](C_1 - C_2 alkyl).

[0032] In another embodiment, B comprises a tetrahydrofurano ring with a substituent of $(C_0$ - C_2 alkylene)- $C[=NO(C_0$ - C_2 alkyl)](C_1 - C_2 alkyl).

[0033] Following are examples of compounds of the invention:

(E)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;
 (Z)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;
 5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-6-one;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 (E)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 (Z)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;
 1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;
 1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (E)-O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (Z)-O-methyl-oxime;
 [2-(4-Chloro-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone (Z)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-isobutyl-oxime;
 (Z)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;
 5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-6-one;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 (E)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 (Z)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;
 1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;
 1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (E)-O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (Z)-O-methyl-oxime;
 [2-(4-Chloro-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone (Z)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-isobutyl-oxime;
 [2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone O-ethyl-oxime;
 Propyl-carbamic acid 1-[2-(4-chloro-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl ester;
 Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl ester;
 Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propyl ester;
 Methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[2-methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-ethyl ester;
 Methyl-carbamic acid 1-methyl-2-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]amino-butyl ester;
 Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propyl ester;
 Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[7-methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propyl ester;
 1-[1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propyl]-3-methyl-urea
 Methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[7-methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-ethyl ester;
 1-Methyl-3-[1-[2-methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propyl]-urea;
 N-[Thiazol-2-yl-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl]-acetamide;
 1-Methyl-3-[thiazol-2-yl-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl]-urea;
 (E)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;
 (Z)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

(E)-1-[2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;
 (Z)-1-[2,5-Dimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;
 (E)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;
 (Z)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;
 5 (E)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2-methyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;
 (Z)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2-methyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;
 (E)-1-[2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;
 (Z)-1-[2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;
 10 (E)-1-[2,5-dimethyl-7-(2-methyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;
 (Z)-1-[2,5-dimethyl-7-(2-methyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;
 (E)-1-[2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;
 (Z)-1-[2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;
 (E)-1-[2,5-dimethyl-7-(2-methyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;
 (Z)-1-[2,5-dimethyl-7-(2-methyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;
 15 5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[2,3-d]
 pyrimidin-6-one;
 5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2,5-dimethyl-7-(2-methyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[2, 3-d]pyri-
 midin-6-one;
 5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[2,3-d]
 20 pyrimidin-6-one;
 5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-
 6-one;
 5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-
 6-one;
 25 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2-methyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2-methyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-bromo-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;
 30 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-bromo-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;
 35 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4-dimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4-dimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;
 40 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-bromo-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 45 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2-trifluoromethoxy-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 (E)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 (Z)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 (E)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethoxy-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 50 (Z)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethoxy-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 (E)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethoxy-4-methyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 (Z)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethoxy-4-methyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-
 oxime;
 55 1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-
 oxime;
 1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one
 (E)-oxime;

1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (E)-O-methyl-oxime;

5 1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (Z)-O-methyl-oxime;

1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (E)-O-methyl-oxime;

1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (Z)-O-methyl-oxime;

10 1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (E)-O-methyl-oxime;

1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (Z)-O-methyl-oxime;

1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (E)-O-methyl-oxime;

1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (Z)-O-methyl-oxime;

15 [2-(4-Chloro-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone (Z)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-isobutyl-oxime;

(Z)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

[2-(4-methoxy-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone (Z)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-isobutyl-oxime;

20 (Z)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-6-one;

5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-6-one;

25 5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-6-one;

5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethoxy-phenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-6-one;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

30 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-O-methyl-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-O-methyl-oxime;

35 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

(E)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

(Z)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

40 1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

(E)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

(Z)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

45 1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (E)-O-methyl-oxime;

50 1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (Z)-O-methyl-oxime;

[2-(4-Chloro-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone (Z)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-isobutyl-oxime;

55 [2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone O-ethyl-oxime;

1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (E)-O-methyl-oxime;

1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (Z)-O-methyl-

oxime;

[2-(4-methoxy-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone (Z)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-isobutyl-oxime;

[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone O-ethyl-oxime,

Propyl-carbamic acid 1-[2-(4-methoxy-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[2-methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-ethyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-methyl-2-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-butyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[7-methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propyl ester;

1-[1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propyl]-3-methyl-urea;

Methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[7-methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-ethyl ester;

1-Methyl-3-[1-[2-methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propyl]-urea;

N-{Thiazol-2-yl-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl}-acetamide;

1-Methyl-3-{thiazol-2-yl-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl}-urea;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl ester,

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[2-methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-ethyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-methyl-2-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-butyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[7-methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propyl ester;

1-[1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propyl]-3-methyl-urea;

Methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[7-methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-ethyl ester;

1-Methyl-3-[1-[2-methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propyl]-urea;

N-(Thiazol-2-yl-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl)-acetamide; and

1-Methyl-3-{thiazol-2-yl-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl}-urea.

[0034] Preferred compounds listed above are:

(E)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

(Z)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

(E)-1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

(Z)-1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

(E)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

(Z)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

(E)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

(Z)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

(E) and (Z)-[2-(4-Chloro-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone (Z)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-isobutyl-oxime;

(E) and (Z)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (Z)-O-methyl-oxime;

Propyl-carbamic acid 1-[2-(4-chloro-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl ester;
 Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl ester;
 Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propyl ester;
 Methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[2-methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-ethyl ester;
 5 Methyl-carbamic acid 1-methyl-2-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-ylami-
 no]-butyl ester;
 Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propyl ester;
 Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[7-methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-pro-
 pyl ester;
 10 1-[1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propyl]-3-methyl-urea
 Methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[7-methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]
 oxazin-5-yl]-ethyl ester;
 1-Methyl-3-[1-[2-methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propyl]-urea;
 N-[Thiazol-2-yl-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl]-acetamide;
 15 and
 1-Methyl-3-[thiazol-2-yl-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl]-urea.

[0035] The invention also relates to a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of (a) a disorder the treatment
 of which can be effected or facilitated by antagonizing CRF, including but not limited to disorders induced or facilitated
 20 by CRF, or (b) a disorder selected from inflammatory disorders such as rheumatoid arthritis and osteoarthritis, pain,
 asthma, psoriasis and allergies; generalized anxiety disorder; panic; phobias; obsessive-compulsive disorder; post-
 traumatic stress disorder; sleep disorders induced by stress; pain perception such as fibromyalgia; mood disorders
 such as depression, including major depression, single episode depression, recurrent depression, child abuse induced
 depression, mood disorders associated with premenstrual syndrome, and postpartum depression; dysthemia; bipolar
 25 disorders; schizophrenia; cyclothymia; chronic fatigue syndrome; stress-induced headache; cancer; irritable bowel
 syndrome, Crohn's disease; spastic colon; post operative ileus; ulcer; diarrhea; stress-induced fever; human immun-
 odeficiency virus (HIV) infections; neurodegenerative diseases such as Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease and
 Huntington's disease; gastrointestinal diseases; eating disorders such as anorexia and bulimia nervosa; hemorrhagic
 stress; chemical dependencies and addictions (e.g., dependencies on alcohol, nicotine, cocaine, heroin, benzodi-
 30 azepines, or other drugs); drug and alcohol withdrawal symptoms; stress-induced psychotic episodes; euthyroid sick
 syndrome; syndrome of inappropriate antidiuretic hormone (ADH); obesity; infertility; head traumas; spinal cord trauma;
 ischemic neuronal damage (e.g., cerebral ischemia such as cerebral hippocampal ischemia); excitotoxic neuronal
 damage; epilepsy; stroke; immune dysfunctions including stress induced immune dysfunctions (e.g., porcine stress
 syndrome, bovine shipping fever, equine paroxysmal fibrillation, and dysfunctions induced by confinement in chickens,
 35 sheering stress in sheep or human-animal interaction related stress in dogs); muscular spasms; urinary incontinence;
 senile dementia of the Alzheimer's type; multiinfarct dementia; amyotrophic lateral sclerosis; hypertension; tachycardia;
 congestive heart failure; osteoporosis; premature birth; hypoglycemia; disorders that can be treated by altering circa-
 dian rhythm (e.g. time zone change syndrome, seasonal affective disorder, irregular sleep-wake pattern, delayed sleep
 phase syndrome, advanced sleep phase syndrome, non-24 hour sleep wake disorder, light-induced clock resetting,
 40 REM sleep disorder, hypersomnia, parasomnia, narcolepsy, nocturnal enuresis, restless legs syndrome, sleep apnea,
 dysthymia and abnormal circadian rhythm associated with chronic administration and withdrawal of antidepressant
 agents); migraine or non-migraine headache; emesis (e.g. emesis induced by pregnancy, vestibular disorder, post-
 operative sickness, gastrointestinal obstruction, reduced gastrointestinal motility, visceral pain, migraine, change in
 intercranial pressure, chemotherapy, radiation, toxins, and opioid analgesics); or syndrome X (also known as metabolic
 45 syndrome, plurimetabolic syndrome or insulin resistance syndrome, encompassing a complex of disturbances of car-
 bohydrate and fat metabolism characterized by obesity, dyslipoproteinemia (low HDL and high LDL, VLDL and triglyc-
 erides), hyperinsulinemia, insulin resistance, glucose intolerance and hypertension); in a mammal, including a human,
 comprising an amount of a compound of Formulas I-V, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, that is effective
 in the treatment of such disorder, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

[0036] The invention also relates to a method for the treatment of (a) a disorder the treatment of which can be effected
 or facilitated by antagonizing CRF, including but not limited to disorders induced or facilitated by CRF, or (b) a disorder
 selected from inflammatory disorders such as rheumatoid arthritis and osteoarthritis, pain, asthma, psoriasis and al-
 50 lergies; generalized anxiety disorder; panic; phobias; obsessive-compulsive disorder; post-traumatic stress disorder;
 sleep disorders induced by stress; pain perception such as fibromyalgia; mood disorders such as depression, including
 55 major depression, single episode depression, recurrent depression, child abuse induced depression, mood disorders
 associated with premenstrual syndrome, and postpartum depression; dysthemia; bipolar disorders; schizophrenia;
 cyclothymia; chronic fatigue syndrome; stress-induced headache; cancer; irritable bowel syndrome; Crohn's disease;
 spastic colon; post operative ileus; ulcer; diarrhea; stress-induced fever; human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infec-

tions; neurodegenerative diseases such as Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease and Huntington's disease; gastrointestinal diseases; eating disorders such as anorexia and bulimia nervosa; hemorrhagic stress; stress-induced psychotic episodes; euthyroid sick syndrome; syndrome of inappropriate antidiuretic hormone (ADH); obesity; infertility; head traumas; spinal cord trauma; ischemic neuronal damage (e.g., cerebral ischemia such as cerebral hippocampal ischemia); excitotoxic neuronal damage; epilepsy; stroke; immune dysfunctions including stress induced immune dysfunctions (e.g., porcine stress syndrome, bovine shipping fever, equine paroxysmal fibrillation, and dysfunctions induced by confinement in chickens, sheering stress in sheep or human-animal interaction related stress in dogs); muscular spasms; urinary incontinence; senile dementia of the Alzheimer's type; multiinfarct dementia; amyotrophic lateral sclerosis; chemical dependencies and addictions (e.g., dependencies on alcohol, nicotine, cocaine, heroin, benzodiazepines, or other drugs); drug and alcohol withdrawal symptoms; hypertension; tachycardia; congestive heart failure; osteoporosis; premature birth; and hypoglycemia; disorders that can be treated by altering circadian rhythm (e.g. time zone change syndrome, seasonal affective disorder, irregular sleep-wake pattern, delayed sleep phase syndrome, advanced sleep phase syndrome, non-24 hour sleep wake disorder, light-induced clock resetting, REM sleep disorder, hypersomnia, parasomnia, narcolepsy, nocturnal enuresis, restless legs syndrome, sleep apnea, dysthymia and abnormal circadian rhythm associated with chronic administration and withdrawal of antidepressant agents); migraine or non-migraine headache; emesis (e.g. emesis induced by pregnancy, vestibular disorder, post-operative sickness, gastrointestinal obstruction, reduced gastrointestinal motility, visceral pain, migraine, change in intracranial pressure, chemotherapy, radiation, toxins, and opioid analgesics); or syndrome X; in a mammal, including a human, comprising administering to a subject in need of said treatment an amount of a compound of Formulas I-V, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, or prodrug thereof, that is effective in treating such disorder, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

[0037] These structures of Formulas I-V encompass all optical isomers, and other stereoisomers, tautomers, and geometric isomers of these compounds. When such compounds contain one or more chiral centers, it is understood that the invention includes the racemic mixtures as well as all individual enantiomers and diastereomers of such compounds, and mixtures thereof. Many geometric isomers of olefin, C=N double bonds, and the like can also be present in the compounds, and all such stable isomers are encompassed by the present invention. The compounds may be isolated in optically active or racemic or mixture forms. It is well known in the art how to prepare optically active forms, such as by resolution of racemic forms or by synthesis from optically active starting materials, or by synthesis and separation of the diastereoisomeric derivatives which can be derived from reacting the racemic forms with a chiral agent, followed by regenerating the enantiomeric forms. All chiral (enantiomeric and diastereomeric) and racemic forms and all geometric isomeric forms of the compounds are intended, unless the specific stereochemistry or isomer form is specifically indicated.

[0038] The structures of Formulas I-V are also understood to refer to, and the invention to encompass, all tautomers thereof. The invention also encompasses mixtures of compounds of Formulas I-V.

[0039] The invention also encompasses prodrugs of the compounds of the Formulas I-V. A "Prodrug" is considered to be any covalently bonded carrier which releases the active parent drug of Formulas I-V in vivo when such prodrug is administered to a mammalian subject. Prodrugs of the compounds of the invention are prepared, e.g., by modifying a functional group present in the compounds in such a way that the modifications are cleaved to form the parent compounds. Prodrugs include, without limitation, compounds wherein hydroxy, amine, or carboxyl groups are bonded to any group that, when administered to a mammalian subject, are cleaved to form a free hydroxy, amine or carboxyl, respectively. It is well known in the art how to prepare such prodrugs which include, but are not limited to, acetate, formate, and benzoate derivatives of alcohol and amine functional groups in the compounds of Formulas I-V, and the like. Prodrugs can also, for example, comprise an amino acid residue, or a polypeptide chain of two or more (e.g., two, three or four) amino acid residues which are covalently joined through peptide bonds to free amino, hydroxy or carboxylic acid groups of compounds of Formulas I-V. The amino acid residues include the 20 naturally occurring amino acids commonly designated by three letter symbols and also are selected from 4-hydroxyproline, hydroxylysine, demosine, isodemossine, 3-methylhistidine, norvalin, beta-alanine, gamma-aminobutyric acid, citrulline, homocysteine, homoserine, ornithine and methionine sulfone. Prodrugs are also understood to include carbonates, carbamates, amides and alkyl esters which are covalently bonded to the above substituents of Formulas I-V through the carbonyl carbon prodrug side chain. The prodrugs then hydrolyze to the parent compound in the body after administration.

[0040] The compounds of this invention also include compounds that are identical to those described above but for the fact that one or more hydrogen, nitrogen or carbon atoms are replaced by isotopes thereof (e.g., deuterium, tritium or carbon-14 isotopes). Such compounds are useful, e.g., as research and diagnostic tools in metabolism pharmacokinetic studies and in binding assays.

Detailed Description of the Invention

[0041] All patents, patent publications, and literature references cited herein are hereby incorporated by reference.

[0042] Reference herein to "alkyl" is intended to include both branched and straight-chain alkyl. "Aryl" is an aromatic

hydrocarbon ring and "heteroaryl" is a heteroaromatic ring.

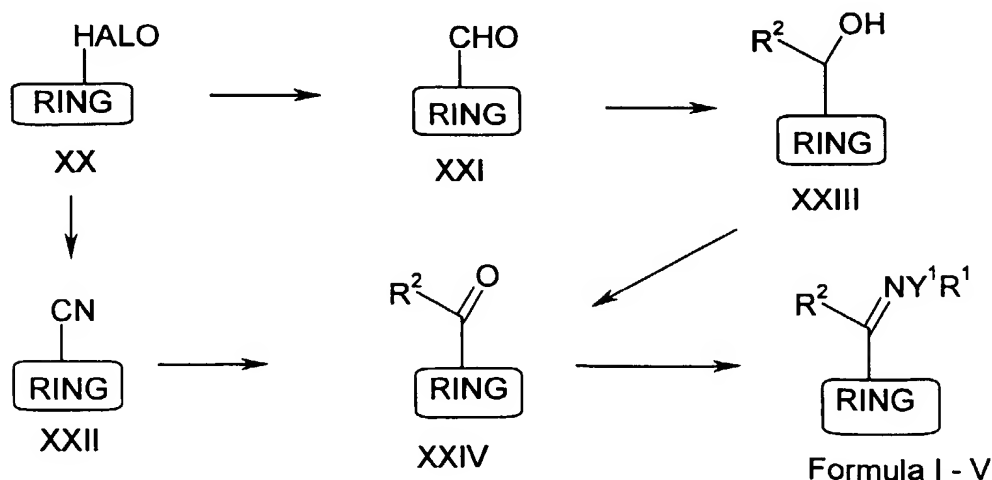
[0043] Common abbreviations have the following meanings: Me is methyl, Et is ethyl, Pr is propyl, and Bu is butyl. The prefix "n" refers to a straight chain alkyl. The prefix "c" refers to a cycloalkyl. The prefix "S" or "R" refers to the (S) or (R) enantiomer, respectively. The prefixes "E" and "Z" refer to trans and cis isomers, respectively. It is understood in the Formulae described herein that at least two carbons or atoms must be present in an alkyl group for a double or triple bond to be present in the group.

[0044] "Treatment" is used herein to refer to the alleviation, inhibition, or prevention of a disorder or condition, including but not limited to alleviation, inhibition, or prevention of one or more symptoms of the disorder or condition, or of the onset of the disorder or condition.

[0045] Methods of preparing compounds of the invention are described below. In the reaction schemes shown, "Ring" refers to the portion of the compounds of Formulas I-V that is attached to the B group.

[0046] Compounds of Formulas I to V wherein B is $-C(R^2)(=N-Y^1R^1)$ may be prepared according to Scheme I by reacting the corresponding carbonyl derivative (Formula XXIV), i.e., wherein the compound contains a $C=O$ group at the position where the $=N-Y^1R^1$ portion of the B group is to be present, with a compound of the Formula $NH_2-Y^1R^1$. The reaction is conducted in an appropriate solvent or a mixture of solvents selected from C_1 - C_6 alcohol, methylene chloride, DMSO, THF, pyridine, trimethylpyridine, DMF, dichloroethane, acetone, acetonitrile, 1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone with or without a base selected from potassium carbonate, sodium carbonate, tri- $(C_1$ - C_4 alkyl)amine, pyridine, and dimethylaminopyridine at a temperature of between 0°C to 150°C , preferably between 0°C to 60°C .

Scheme I



[0047] The compound containing the corresponding carbonyl derivative (Formula XXIV) can be obtained, e.g., by following the methods described in WO 94/13677 (published June 23, 1994), WO 94/13676 (published June 23, 1994), WO 95/33750 (published December 14, 1995), WO 95/34563 (published December 21, 1995), EP 778277 (published June 11, 1997), WO 98/05661 (published February 12, 1998), WO 98/08847 (published March 5, 1998), and WO 98/088846 (published March 5, 1998), and briefly described below, according to Scheme I. In general, compounds of Formula XXII (the corresponding cyano derivative) may be prepared by reacting the compounds of Formula XX (the corresponding halo derivative) with potassium cyanide, copper cyanide or sodium cyanide, or di- $(C_1$ - C_4 alkyl)aluminum cyanide in an appropriate solvent such as dimethylsulfoxide, DMF, toluene, or xylene at a temperature from room temperature to 180°C , preferably 60°C to 150°C , with or without $Pd(II)OAc$ or $Pd(0)(PPh_3)_4$.

[0048] Compounds of Formula XXI (the corresponding formyl (CHO) derivative) may be prepared by reacting compounds of Formula XX wherein HALO is Cl, Br, or I, preferably Br or I, with an organolithium reagent (e.g., t -BuLi, s -BuLi, or n -BuLi) in an appropriate solvent (such as THF, dioxane, ether, benzene, or methylene chloride) at a temperature of from -120°C to room temperature, preferably at -110°C to -60°C , followed by quenching with an appropriate electrophile, such as DMF or ethyl formate. Conversion of compounds of Formula XXI to compounds of Formula XXIII, and then XXIV may be accomplished using a conventional organometallics addition reaction (such as, but not limited to, a Grignard reaction (using R^2Mg -halo) or an organometallics addition (using R^2Li , $(R^2)_3Al$)), followed by oxidation of the corresponding alcohol to ketone using standard methods known in art. The carbonyl derivative (XXIV) can also

be prepared from a compound of Formula XXII using a standard organometallics addition reaction (such as but not limited to Grignard addition (using R^2Mg -halo) or organolithium addition (using (R^2Li)). The compound of Formula XXIII may also be prepared by halogen-metal exchange of a compound of Formula XX, followed by quenching with a compound of the Formula R^2CHO using conventional procedures known in the art.

[0049] Compounds of Formulas I to V wherein B is $-Y^3C(R^2)(=NY^1R^1)$, $-NR^{16}R^2$, $-NHCR^{16}R^2$, $-SCHR^{16}R^2$, $-CHR^{16}R^2$, $-C(OH)R^{16}R^2$, $-CHR^{16}(OR^1)$, $-C(F)R^{16}R^2$, $-C(OMe)R^{16}R^2$, $-CR^{16}(=CR^2R^1)$, $-CHR^{16}(NR^1)$, or $=C(R^2)(R^{16})$ may be prepared by reacting the corresponding carbonyl derivative, i.e., a compound containing a $C=O$ group at the position where the $=N-Y^1R^1$ group is present in the B group of Formulas I-V, with a compound of the Formula $NH_2-Y^1R^1$. The reaction is conducted in an appropriate solvent selected from C_1 - C_6 alcohol, methylene chloride, DMSO, THF, pyridine, trimethylpyridine, DMF, dichloroethane, acetone, acetonitrile, and 1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone with or without a base selected from potassium carbonate, sodium carbonate, tri- $(C_1$ - C_4 alkyl)amine, pyridine, and dimethylaminopyridine at a temperature between $0^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$, preferably between $0^\circ C$ to $60^\circ C$. Syntheses of the corresponding carbonyl compounds are described in WO 94/13677 (published June 23, 1994), WO 94/13676 (published June 23, 1994), W095/33750 (published December 14, 1995), WO 95/34563 (published December 21, 1995), EP 778277 (published June 11, 1997), WO 98/05661 (published February 12, 1998), WO 98/08847 (published March 5, 1998), and WO 98/088846 (published March 5, 1998). These patent publications also describe starting materials employed in the syntheses described below.

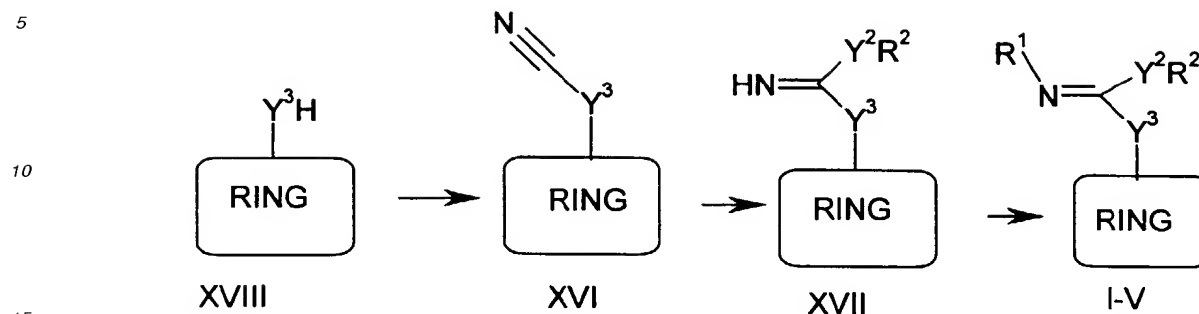
[0050] Compounds of Formulas I to V wherein B is $-C(R^2)(NR^{14}C(=X^2)NR^1H)$, may be prepared by reacting compounds corresponding to those of Formulas I to V but having a group of the formula $-C(R^2)(NHR^{14})$ corresponding to the position of the B group with $R^1N=C=X^2$ in an appropriate solvent selected from dichloroethane, chloroform, methylene chloride, DMF, acetonitrile, benzene, toluene, THF, and dioxane, at a temperature from $0^\circ C$ to reflux, preferably at room temperature to $100^\circ C$. N-alkylation of compounds of Formulas I to V wherein B is $-C(R^2)(NR^{14}C(=X^2)NR^1H)$, with $R^{15}-X^3$ (where X^3 is a leaving group, such as a halo, mesylate, or tosylate) using standard methods known in the art, provides compounds of Formulas I to V wherein B is $C(R^2)(NR^{14}C(=X^2)NR^1R^{15})$.

[0051] Compounds of Formulas I to V wherein B is $-C(R^2)(OC(=X^2)NR^1H)$, may be prepared by reacting compounds corresponding to those of Formulas I to V, but having a group of the formula $-C(R^2)(OH)$ corresponding to the position of the B group of formula I to V with a compound of the Formula $R^1N=C=X^2$. The reaction is conducted with or without a base selected from dimethylaminopyridine, triethylamine, potassium carbonate, sodium hydride, and potassium t-butoxide in an appropriate solvent selected from dichloroethane, chloroform, methylene chloride, DMF, acetonitrile, benzene, toluene, THF, and dioxane, at a temperature from $0^\circ C$ to reflux, preferably at room temperature to reflux. N-alkylation of compounds in the Formulas I to V wherein B is $C(R^2)(OC(=X^2)NR^1H)$ with $R^{15}-X^3$ (where X^3 is a leaving group, such as a halo, mesylate, or tosylate) using methods known in the art provides compounds of Formulas I to V wherein B is $-C(R^2)(OC(=X^2)NR^1R^{15})$.

[0052] Compounds of Formulas I to V wherein B is $-C(R^2)(NR^{14}C(=X^2)R^{15})$, may be prepared by reacting compounds corresponding to those of Formulas I to V, but having a group of the formula $-C(R^2)(NHR^{14})$ corresponding to the position of the B group of formula I to V with $R^{15}C(=X^2)-L^2$ (where L^2 is a leaving group selected from halo, mesylate, and tosylate) or $[R^{15}C(=X^2)]_2O$. The reaction is conducted with or without a base selected from dimethylaminopyridine, triethylamine, potassium carbonate, sodium hydride, and potassium t-butoxide in an appropriate solvent selected from dichloroethane, chloroform, methylene chloride, DMF, DMSO, acetonitrile, benzene, toluene, THF, and dioxane, at a temperature from $0^\circ C$ to reflux, preferably at room temperature to reflux.

[0053] Compounds of Formulas I to V wherein B is $Y^3-C(Y^2R^2)(=NHR^1)$, may be prepared according to Scheme II by reacting compounds of Formulas XVI, with Y^2HR^2 followed by N-alkylation with R^1-L^3 (where L^3 is a leaving group such as halo, tosylate, mesylate, or triflate using procedures known in the art, including use of an appropriate solvent or mixture of solvents (such as alkyl alcohol, acetonitrile, acetone, DMSO, DMF, methylene chloride, chloroform, dichloroethane, THF, water, sulfolane, acetamide, ethyl acetate, benzene, toluene, or pyridine) in the presence or absence of a base (such as sodium hydride, or organometallic lithium or sodium base such as LDA, n-BuLi, or sodium/lithium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide), potassium hydride, dimethylaminopyridine, triethylamine, potassium carbonate, sodium hydride, or potassium t-butoxide) at a temperature between $-78^\circ C$ to $200^\circ C$, preferably at reflux, using conditions known in the art. Compounds of formula XVI may be prepared by reacting XVIII with cyanogen halide using known methods (see Chem. Ber., 1908, 41:524; Acta Chem. Scand.: 1993, 47:974-978; J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 1996, 118:6868-6872; Chem. Ber., 1968, 101:3185-3200; Chem. Ber., 1964, 97:3027-3035; Chem. Ber., 1966, 99:958-975; Chem. Ber., 1968, 101:3185-3200; Chem. Ber., 1964, 97:3027-3035; Chem. Ber., 1965, 98:3286-3296; Chem. Ber., 1968, 101:3185-3200; Hoppe-Seyler's Z. Physiol. Chem., 1926, 155:43591; Chem. Ber., 1978, 111:320-334).

Scheme II



[0054] It is understood that general organic chemistry methodology is applied, where required, to alter the steps of the reactions described above depending on the feasibility of the reaction. This includes, e.g., using an appropriate protecting group, or reducing an ester group to the corresponding C₁-C₄ alkyl group, as required at any stage of synthesis.

[0055] The acid addition salts of Formulae I-V can be prepared in a conventional manner by treating a solution or suspension of the corresponding free base with one chemical equivalent of a pharmaceutically acceptable acid. Conventional concentration or crystallization techniques can be employed to isolate the salts. Illustrative of suitable acids are acetic, lactic, succinic, maleic, tartaric, citric, gluconic, ascorbic, benzoic, cinnamic, fumaric, sulfuric, phosphoric, hydrochloric, hydrobromic, hydroiodic, sulfamic, sulfonic acids such as methanesulfonic, benzene sulfonic, p-toluenesulfonic, and related acids.

[0056] The compounds of Formulae I-V and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts (hereinafter referred to, collectively, as "the active compounds of this invention") may be administered alone or in combination with pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, in either single or multiple doses. Suitable pharmaceutical carriers include inert solid diluents or fillers, sterile aqueous solutions, oils (e.g., peanut oil, sesame oil) and various organic solvents. The pharmaceutical compositions formed by combining the active compounds of the invention and pharmaceutically acceptable carriers can then be readily administered in a variety of dosage forms such as tablets, powders, lozenges, emulsions, oil soft gels, syrups, injectable solutions, spray-dried formulations, transdermal or transmucosal patches, inhalable formulations and the like. These pharmaceutical compositions can, if desired, contain additional ingredients such as flavorings, binders, excipients and the like. Thus, for purposes of oral administration, tablets containing various excipients such as sodium citrate, calcium carbonate and calcium phosphate may be employed along with various disintegrants such as starch, methylcellulose, alginic acid and certain complex silicates, together with binding agents such as polyvinylpyrrolidone, sucrose, gelatin and acacia. Additionally, lubricating agents such as magnesium stearate, sodium lauryl sulfate and talc are often useful for tableting purposes. Solid compositions of a similar type may also be employed as fillers in soft and hard filled gelatin capsules. Preferred materials for this include lactose or milk sugar and high molecular weight polyethylene glycols. When aqueous suspensions or elixirs are desired for oral administration, the essential active ingredient therein may be combined with various sweetening or flavoring agents, coloring matter or dyes and, if desired, emulsifying or suspending agents, together with diluents such as water, ethanol, propylene glycol, glycerin and combinations thereof.

[0057] For parenteral administration, solutions containing an active compound of this invention or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in sesame or peanut oil, aqueous propylene glycol, or in sterile aqueous solution may be employed. Such aqueous solutions should be suitably buffered if necessary and the liquid diluent first rendered isotonic with sufficient saline or glucose. These particular aqueous solutions are especially suitable for intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous and intraperitoneal administration. The sterile aqueous media employed are all readily available by standard techniques known to those skilled in the art.

[0058] The effective dosages for the active compounds of this invention will depend on the intended route of administration and factors such as the age and weight of the patient, as generally known to a physician. The dosages will also depend on the particular illness to be treated. For instance, the daily dosage for stress-induced illnesses, inflammatory disorders, Alzheimer's disease, gastro-intestinal diseases, anorexia nervosa, hemorrhagic stress and drug and alcohol withdrawal symptoms will generally range from about 0.1 to about 50 mg/kg body weight of the patient to be treated.

[0059] Methods that may be used to determine the CRF antagonist activity of the active compounds of this invention and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts are described in Endocrinology, 116, 1653-1659 (1985) and Peptides, 10,

179-188 (1985). The binding activities for compounds of the invention, expressed as IC₅₀ values, generally range from about 0.5 nanomolar to about 32 micromolar.

[0060] The CRF antagonist may be used alone or in combination with other agents for the treatment of CRF related diseases.

[0061] For example, where the compound of the invention is used to treat cardiovascular disease, another compound for treating cardiovascular disease can also be administered. The second compound can be, for example, adenosine, alteplase, amiodarone, anagrelide, ardeparin, argatroban, atenolol, atorvastatin, benazepril, captopril, carvedilol, cerivastatin, clonidine, clopidogrel, dalteparin, danaparoid, diltiazem, enalapril, fluvastatin, fosinopril, gemfibrozil, hydrochlorothiazide, irbesartan, lepirudin, lisinopril, lovastatin, oprelvekin, pravastatin, prazosin, quinapril, ramipril, saruplase, simvastatin, terazosin, valsartan, or verapamil. The second compound can also be another CRF antagonist.

[0062] Similarly, for example, where the compound of the invention is used to treat a sleep disorder, a second compound, e.g., a non-CRF antagonist that is useful for treating sleep disorder, can be administered before, with, or after, administration of the CRF antagonist of the invention. Any such second compound useful for treating sleep disorder may be employed, including but not limited to tachykinin antagonists, melatonergic agonists, such as melatonin, GABA brain receptor agonists, serotonin receptor (such as 5HT1b, 5HT2c, 5HT7) antagonists, inverse agonists, agonists and other compounds. Specific compounds for treatment of sleep disorder include melatonin, caripramine, and doxylamine.

[0063] Similarly, where a compound of the invention is used to treat depression, a second compound for treating depression can be administered, e.g., one that has a delayed effect, including, without limitation, compounds that are selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs), tricyclic antidepressants, norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors, noradrenaline reuptake inhibitors, lithium, α₂-adrenoreceptor agonists, 5HT1A inhibitors, and monoamine oxidase type A inhibitors. Examples of such compounds for treating depression include bupropion, sertraline, fluoxetine, trazodone, citalopram, fluvoxamine, paroxetine, venlafaxine, roboxetine, imipramine, amitriptyline, trimipramine, doxepin, desipramine, nortriptyline, protriptyline, amoxapine, clomipramine, maprotiline, brofaromine, milnacipran, and buspirone.

[0064] Similarly, where the compound of the invention is employed to treat migraine or non-migraine headache, it may be co-administered with, for example, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), such as aspirin, acetaminophen, ibuprofen, with anti-emetics, with preparations containing ergotamine such as dihydroergotamine, or with agents that modulate serotonin receptors (including those that modulate the 5HT1B, 5HT1D, 5HT1F and 5HT2B receptors) or that mimic the effects of serotonin. Particular agents include sumatriptan, naratriptan, zolmitriptan, rizatriptan, eletriptan, and almotriptan.

[0065] Where the compound of the invention is used to treat emesis, it may be combined with other emesis treatments, including, without limitation, tachykinin antagonists, including NK1 antagonists, and 5HT3 antagonists (such as metoclopramide, granisetron, dolasetron, ondansetron and tropisetron).

[0066] The present invention is illustrated by the following examples. It will be understood, however, that the invention is not limited to the specific details of these examples. Melting points are uncorrected. Proton nuclear magnetic resonance spectra (¹H NMR) and C¹³ nuclear magnetic resonance spectra (C¹³ NMR) were measured for solutions in deuteriochloroform (CDCl₃) and peak positions are expressed in parts per million (ppm) downfield from tetramethylsilane (TMS). The peak shapes are denoted as follows: s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; q, quartet; m, multiplet; b, broad.

EXAMPLE 1

(E)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-Pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime and (Z)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime

[0067] A mixture of 1-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (598 mg, 1.783 mmol) and hydroxylamine hydrochloride and sodium acetate in methanol was stirred at room temperature overnight. The mixture was quenched with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was separated, dried and concentrated to dryness to give 657 mg of a mixture of Z and E isomers of the title compounds. Both isomers were separated by silica gel column chromatography. (E)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime ¹H NMR(CDCl₃) δ 9.92(s,1H), 7.00(s,2H), 3.03(q,2H), 2.70(s,3H), 2.36(s,3H), 2.26(s,H), 2.00(s,3H), 1.83(s,6H), 1.14(t,3H)ppm.

[0068] (Z)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime ¹H NMR(CDCl₃) δ 8.55(brs,1H), 7.02(s,2H), 2.73(q,2H), 2.69(s,3H), 2.37(s,3H), 2.27(s,3H), 2.01(s,3H), 1.84(s,6H), 1.18(t,3H)pp.

EXAMPLE 2

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime and 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime

[0069] A mixture of 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (200 mg, 0.63 mmol), hydroxylamine hydrochloride (130.95 mg, 1.89 mmol) in ethanol was stirred at room temperature over a weekend. The mixture was concentrated to dryness, then diluted with water, and extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was separated, dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated to dryness to give 240 mg of a 1:1 mixture of the title (E) and (Z)-isomers.

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime

¹H NMR(CDCl₃) δ 7.93(d, 1H), 7.55(m, 1H), 7.46(m, 1H), 7.13(s, 1H), 6.99(s, 2H), 2.88(q, 2H), 2.64(s, 3H), 2.37(s, 3H), 1.88(s, 6H), 1.10(t, 3H) ppm.

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime

¹H NMR(CDCl₃) δ 7.66(d, 1H), 7.53(m, 1H), 7.47(m, 1H), 7.04(s, 1H), 6.98(s, 2H), 2.64(s, 3H), 2.62(m, 2H), 2.37(s, 3H), 1.89(s, 6H), 1.15(t, 3H) ppm.

EXAMPLE 3

(E)-1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one-O-methyl-oxime and (Z)-1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime

[0070] A mixture of 1-[2-methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (83mg, 0.26 mmol), methoxylamine hydrochloride (66 mg, 0.78 mmol) and sodium acetate (64 mg, 0.78 mmol) in ethanol (5 ml) was stirred at room temperature overnight. The mixture was treated with 3 ml of MeOH, 2 ml of chloroform, excess of methoxylamine hydrochloride (200 mg) and triethylamine (0.2 ml) and stirred at rt. for an additional 15 hr. The mixture was concentrated to dryness, then diluted with water, and extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was separated, dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated to dryness to give 88 mg of a mixture of the title trans and cis-isomers. The isomers were separated by silica gel preparative thin layer chromatography using 7% ethyl acetate in hexane as solvent to give both isomers separated as a white solid. (E)-1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime ¹H NMR(CDCl₃) δ 7.92(d, 1H), 7.51(m, 1H), 7.46(m, 1H), 7.13(s, 1H), 6.97(s, 2H), 4.02(s, 3H), 2.88(q, 2H), 2.57(s, 3H), 2.36(s, 3H), 1.86(s, 6H), 1.08(t, 3H) ppm.

(Z)-1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime

¹H NMR(CDCl₃) δ 7.60(d, 1H), 7.49(m, 1H), 7.44(d, 1H), 6.97(s, 3H), 3.80(s, 3H), 2.60(m, 2H), 2.60(s, 3H), 2.37(s, 3H), 1.89(s, 6H), 1.13(t, 3H) ppm.

EXAMPLE 4

A mixture of (E)- and (Z)-isomers of 1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime

[0071] A mixture of 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (330 mg, 1.11 mmol), hydroxylamine hydrochloride (230.4 mg, 3.33 mmol), and sodium acetate (273 mg, 3.33 mmol) in ethanol (25 ml) was stirred at room temperature over a weekend. The mixture was concentrated to dryness, then diluted with water, and extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was separated, dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated to dryness to give 306 mg of a mixture of the title (E) and (Z)-isomers as a white solid.

¹H NMR(CDCl₃) δ 6.87(s, 2H), 6.60(s, 0.5H), 6.49(s, 0.5H), 2.65-2.82(m, 1H), 2.4-2.6(m, 1H), 2.05-2.4(4 sets of s, total of 9H), 1.95-2.05(two sets of S, total of 6H), 1.12(t, 1.5H), 1.07(t, 1.5H) ppm

EXAMPLE 5

(E)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime and (Z)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one Omethyl-oxime

[0072] A mixture of 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (3030 mg, 1.008 mmol), methoxylamine hydrochloride (230.4 mg, 3.33 mmol), and sodium acetate (273 mg, 3.33 mmol) in ethanol (25 ml) was stirred at room temperature over night. The mixture was concentrated to dryness, then diluted with water, and extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was separated, dried (sodium sulfate) and concentrated to dryness to give 231 mg

of a mixture of the title (E) and (Z)-isomers as a clear oil. Both isomers were separated by silica gel column chromatography.

(E)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime ¹H NMR(CDCl₃) δ 6.87(s,2H), 6.58(s,1H), 3.97(s,3H), 2.67(q,2H), 2.29(s,6H), 2.22(s,3H), 2.03(s,6H), 1.03(t,3H)ppm.
(Z)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime ¹H NMR(CDCl₃) δ 6.87(s,2H), 6.43(s,1H), 3.83(s,3H), 2.46(m,2H), 2.29(s,3H), 2.25(s,3H), 2.15(s,3H), 2.05(2 sets of s, 6H), 1.08(t,3H)ppm.

EXAMPLE 6

(E) and (Z)-1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one oxime

[0073] A mixture of 1-[7-methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (50 mg, 0.154 mmol), hydroxylamine hydrochloride (43 mg, 0.62 mmol), and sodium acetate (57 mg, 0.693 mmol) in ethanol (4 ml) was stirred at room temperature overnight. The mixture was concentrated to dryness, then diluted with water, and extracted with 3 times with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was separated, dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated to dryness to give 51 mg of a mixture of the title (E) and (Z)-isomers as a white solid. Both isomers were separated by preparative thin layer chromatography plate with 40% ethyl acetate in hexane as solvent.

1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime, ¹H NMR(CDCl₃) δ 6.94(s,2H), 4.97(s,2H), 4.92(s,2H), 2.93(m,2H), 2.39(s,3H), 2.30(s,3H), 2.12(s,6H), 1.10(t,3H) ppm.

1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime, ¹H NMR(CDCl₃) δ 6.94(s,2H), 4.95(s,2H), 4.78(s,2H), 2.64(m,2H), 2.40(s,3H), 2.30(s,3H), 2.13(s,6H), 1.09(t,3H) ppm.

EXAMPLE 7

2-(4-Chloro-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone (E) and (Z)-oxime

[0074] A mixture of [2-(4-Chloro-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone (32 mg), hydroxylamine hydrochloride (300 mg), and sodium acetate (40 mg) in methanol (2 ml) was stirred at room temperature over a weekend. The mixture was concentrated to dryness, then diluted with water, brine, and extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was separated, dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated to dryness to give 31 mg of a 4:1 mixture of the title (Z) and (E)-isomer, respectively, as a colorless oil. Both isomers were separated by preparative thin layer chromatography with 2% methanol in chloroform as solvent.

[2-(4-Chloro-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone (Z)-oxime ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.62(s,1H), 7.71(m,1H), 7.60(m,1H), 7.29(m,1H), 7.05(s,2H), 6.60(s,1H), 2.24(s,3H), 2.15(s,3H), 2.08(s, 6H), ppm.

EXAMPLE 8

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-isobutyl-oxime

[0075] A mixture of 1-[2-methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (52 mg), iso-butoxylamine hydrochloride (300 mg), potassium carbonate (50 mg) and sodium acetate (40 mg) in ethanol (2 ml) was stirred at room temperature for 48 hr. The mixture was concentrated to dryness, then diluted with water, brine, and extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was separated, dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated to dryness to give a mixture of the title (Z) and (E)-isomer, respectively. The crude mixture was purified by preparative thin layer chromatography with 7% ethyl acetate in hexane as solvent to give a 6:4 mixture of isomers.

¹H NMR(CDCl₃) δ 7.90(d, 0.4H), 7.62(d, 0.4H), 7.18-7.28(m,2H), 7.24 & 7.13(two sets of s, 1H), 6.98(s,0.8H), 6.97(s,1.2H), 4.00(m,0.8H), 3.77(m,1.2H), 2.88(m,0.8H), 2.63(m,1.2H), 2.58&2.57(two sets of s, 3H), 2.37(s,3H), 2.22&1.85(m,1H), 1.88&1.87(two sets of s, 6H), 1.0-1.2(m,3H), 1.00(d,2H), 0.66(d,1.8H)ppm.

EXAMPLE 9

1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (E) and (Z)-O-methyl-oxime

[0076] A mixture of 1-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (100 mg, 0.311 mmol), methoxylamine hydrochloride (129.8 mg, 1.56mmol), and sodium acetate (127.63 mg, 1.56 mmol) in ethanol (10 ml) was stirred at room temperature overnight. The mixture was concentrated to dryness, then diluted with water, and extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was separated, dried (sodium sulfate) and concentrated to dryness to give 107 mg of a mixture of the title (E) and (Z)-isomers as a yellow solid. Both isomers were separated by silica gel column chromatography.

(Z)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (Z)-O-methyl-oxime
¹H NMR(CDCI₃) δ 7.01(s,2H), 3.86(s,H), 2.68(s,3H), 2.35(s,3H), 2.33(s,3H), 2.21(s,3H), 2.00(s,3H), 1.85(s,3H), 1.79(s,3H) ppm.

(E)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (Z)-O-methyl-oxime
¹H NMR(CDCI₃) δ 7.02(s,2H), 4.06(s,3H), 2.68(d,3H), 2.35(s,3H), 2.29(s,3H), 2.01(s,3H), 1.81(s,6H) ppm.

EXAMPLE 10

Propyl-carbamic acid 1-[2-(4-chloro-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl ester

[0077] A mixture of 1-[2-(4-chloro-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethanol (21 mg, 0.0589 mmol), propyl isocyanate (0.1 ml), dimethylaminopyridine (20 mg) in dichloromethane (2ml) was heated at reflux for 6 hrs. The mixture was quenched with water and extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was separated, dried and concentrated to give 23 mg of yellow solid. The solid was purified by preparative thin layer chromatography (run in 20% ethyl acetate in hexane) to give the title compound as a white solid.

¹H NMR(CDCI₃) 7.03(s,2H), 6.62(s,1H), 5.11(m,1H), 3.24(m,2H), 2.19(s,3H), 2.17(s,3H), 2.03(s,6H), 1.5-1.7(m, 2H), 0.98(t,3H)ppm.

EXAMPLE 11

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl ester

[0078] A mixture of 1-[2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (100 mg, 0.295 mmol), methyl isocyanate (0.25 ml), dimethylaminopyridine (20 mg) in dichloromethane (2ml) was heated at reflux for 6 hrs. The mixture was quenched with water and extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was separated, dried and concentrated to give 120 mg of yellow solid. The solid was purified by silica gel column chromatography using chloroform as eluent to give 77mg of the title compound as a white solid.

¹H NMR(CDCI₃) 6.86(s,2H), 6.81(s,1H), 6.39(m,1H), 4.93(m,1H), 2.84(d,3H), 2.41(s,3H), 2.28(s,3H), 2.24(s, 3H), 2.02(s,6H) ppm.

EXAMPLE 12

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-[2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propyl ester

[0079] A mixture of 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-ol (100 mg, 0.334mmol), methyl isocyanate (0.5 ml), dimethylaminopyridine (20 mg) in dichloromethane (3ml) was heated at reflux for 6 hrs. The mixture was quenched with water and extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was separated, dried and concentrated to give the crude material which was purified by preparative thin layer chromatography using 20% ethyl acetate in hexane as solvent to give the title compound as a white solid, mp. 148-150.5°C.

¹H NMR(CDCI₃) 6.85(s,2H), 6.67(s,1H), 5.80(m,1H), 4.71(m,1H), 2.78(d,3H), 2.34(s,3H), 2.27(s,3H), 2.20(s, 3H), 2.02(s,6H), 1.7-1.85(m,2H), 0.94(t,3H) ppm.

EXAMPLE 13

Methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[2-methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-ethyl ester

[0080] A mixture of 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[2-methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-ethanol (50 mg), methyl iso-

cyanate (0.5 ml), triethylamine (0.1ml) in dichloromethane (2ml) was heated at reflux for 2 hrs. The mixture was quenched with water and extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was separated, dried and concentrated to give the crude material which was purified by silica gel column chromatography using chloroform as eluent to give the title compound as a white solid.

¹H NMR(CDCl₃) 6.85(s,2H), 6.67(s,1H), 5.80(m,1H), 4.71(m,1H), 2.78(d,3H), 2.34(s,3H), 2.27(s,3H), 2.20(s,3H), 2.02(s,6H), 1.7-1.85(m,2H), 0.94(t,3H) ppm.

EXAMPLE 14

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-methyl-2-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-butyl ester

[0081] A mixture of 3-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-pentan-2-ol (200 mg, 0.526mmol), methyl isocyanate (0.87 ml), dimethylaminopyridine (19 mg, 0.158 mmol) in dichloromethane (5ml) was heated at reflux for 1 hr. The mixture was quenched with water and extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was separated, dried and concentrated to give the crude material (230 mg) which was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography using 3% methanol in chloroform as eluent to give the title compound (190 mg) as a white foam.

¹H NMR(CDCl₃) d 6.5(s,2H), 4.9-5.2(m,2H), 4.4-4.7(m,2H), 2.72-2.77(m,3H), 2.39(s,6H), 2.32(s,3H), 1.88(s,3H), 1.83(s,6H), 1.4-1.8(m,2H), 1.3(m,3H), 0.99(m,3H) ppm.

EXAMPLE 15

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propyl ester

[0082] A mixture of 1-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-ol(62 mg, 0.184 mmol), methyl isocyanate (0.25 ml), dimethylaminopyridine (20 mg) in dichloromethane (2ml) was heated at reflux for 1 hr. Additional methyl isocyanate (0.25 ml) was added and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. The mixture was quenched with water and extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was separated, dried and concentrated to give a yellow foam (95mg). The foam was purified by preparative thin layer chromatography plate in 10% methanol in chloroform, then in 20% methanol in chloroform as solvent to give the title compound (29mg) as an off-white solid.

¹H NMR(CDCl₃) d 6.99(s,2H), 6.24(m,1H), 5.12(m,1H), 2.77(d,3H), 2.66(s,3H), 2.49(s,3H), 2.34(s,3H), 2.069m, 2H), 1.98(s,3H), 1.79(d,6H), 1.00(t,3H) ppm.

EXAMPLE 16

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[7-methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propyl ester

[0083] A mixture of 1-[7-methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-ol (50 mg), methyl isocyanate (0.25 ml), dimethylaminopyridine (37 mg) in dichloromethane (2ml) was heated at reflux for 1 hr. The mixture was quenched with water and extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was separated, dried and concentrated to give a clear oil (70 mg). The oil was purified by silica gel thin layer chromatography plate using 40% ethyl acetate in hexane as solvent to give 36 mg of the title compound.

¹H NMR(CDCl₃) d 8.11(d,1H), 6.92(s,2H), 4.8-5.6(m,6H), 2.78(d,3H), 2.34(s,3H), 2.29(s,3H), 2.12(s,3H), 2.10(s,3H), 1.8-2.1 (m,2H), 0.95(m,3H) ppm.

EXAMPLE 17

1-[1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propyl]-3-methyl-urea

[0084] A mixture of 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propylamine (26.5 mg), methyl isocyanate (0.05 ml), in dichloroethane (1ml) was heated at reflux overnight. The mixture was quenched with water and extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was separated, dried and concentrated to give 27.1 mg of white solid. The solid was purified by preparative thin layer chromatography using 5% methanol in chloroform as solvent to give the title compound as a white solid.

¹H NMR(CDCl₃) d 6.86(s,2H), 6.67(s,1H), 4.89(m,2H), 4.459m,1H), 2.71-2.83(m,3H), 2.37(s,3H), 2.28(s,3H), 2.16(s,3H), 2.02(s,6H), 1.6-1.8(m,2H), 0.95(m,3H) ppm.

EXAMPLE 18

Methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[7-methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]ethyl ester

[0085] A mixture of 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[7-methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-ethanol (26 mg), methyl isocyanate (0.12 ml), dimethylaminopyridine (27 mg) in dichloromethane (2ml) was heated at reflux for 2 hrs. The mixture was quenched with water and extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was separated, dried and concentrated to give the crude material which was purified by silica gel column chromatography using chloroform as eluent to give 21 mg of the title compound as a white solid.

¹H NMR(CDCl₃) δ 6.93(m,2H), 5.99(q, 1H), 5.22(m, 1H), 4.8-5.2(m,4H), 2.86(d,3H), 2.34(s,3H), 2.30(s,3H), 2.12(s,3H), 2.10(s,3H) ppm.

EXAMPLE 19

1-Methyl-3-{1-[2-methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propyl}-urea

[0086] A mixture of 1-[2-methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propylamine (55 mg), methyl isocyanate (0.3 ml), in dichloroethane (1 ml) was heated at 60°C for 1 hrs. The mixture was quenched with water and extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was separated, dried and concentrated to give the crude material as a colorless oil. The oil was purified by preparative thin layer chromatography using 3% methanol in chloroform as solvent to give 42 mg of the title compound as a white glass foam.

¹H NMR(CDCl₃) δ 8.11(s,1H), 7.56(m,1H), 7.45(m,1H), 7.12(s,1H), 6.97(d,2H), 5.46(m,1H), 5.12(brs,1H), 4.50(brs,1H), 2.69(d,3H), 2.36(s,3H), 1.7-2.0(m,2H), 1.92(s,3H), 1.81(s,3H), 0.99(t,3H) ppm.

EXAMPLE 20

N-{Thiazol-2-yl-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl}-acetamide

[0087] A mixture of thiazol-2-yl-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-methylamine (50 mg, 0.126 mmol) and acetic anhydride (0.1 ml) in dry THF (2 ml) was stirred at room temperature for ½ hr. The mixture was quenched with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was separated, dried and concentrated to give the title compound.

¹H NMR(CDCl₃) δ 7.95(brs,1H), 7.68(d,1H), 7.25(d,1H), 7.09(d,1H), 6.99(s,2H), 2.62(s,3H), 2.53(s,3H), 2.34(s,3H), 2.15(s,3H), 1.98(s,3H), 1.83(s,3H), 1.76(s,3H)ppm.

EXAMPLE 21

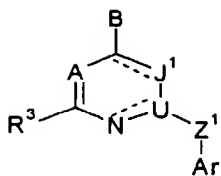
1-Methyl-3-{thiazol-2-yl-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl}-urea

[0088] A mixture of thiazol-2-yl-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-methylamine (55 mg, 0.14 mmol) and methyl isocyanate (0.3ml) in dichloroethane (2 ml) was heated at reflux for 1 hr. The mixture was quenched with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was separated, dried and concentrated to give the crude material which was purified by thin layer chromatography plate using 5% methanol in chloroform as solvent to give 28 mg of the title compound as a colorless foam.

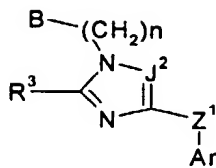
¹H NMR(CDCl₃) δ 7.67(d,1H), 7.24(d,1H), 7.07(d,1H), 6.98(s,2H), 4.99(s,1H), 2.75(d,3H), 2.53(s,3H), 2.40(s,3H), 2.34(s,3H), 1.98(s,3H), 1.82(s,3H), 1.76(s,3H)ppm.

Claims

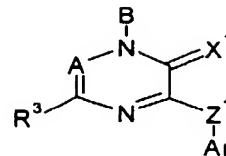
1. A compound selected from Formulas I to V:



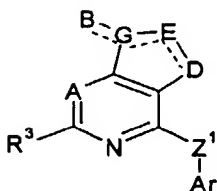
I



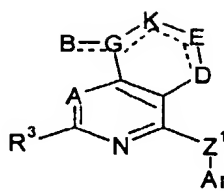
II



III



IV



V

wherein:

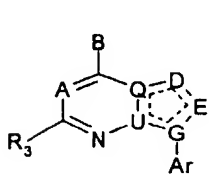
the dashed lines in the figures represent optional double bonds;

n is 0 or 1;

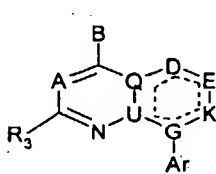
A is nitrogen or CR⁷;

B is -C(R²)(=NY¹R¹), -(Y³)-C(R²)(=NY¹R¹), -NR¹⁶R², -NHCR¹⁶R², -SCHR¹⁶R², -CHR¹⁶R², -C(OH)R¹⁶R², -CHR¹⁶(OR¹²), -C(F)R¹⁶R², -C(OMe)R¹⁶R², -CR¹⁶(=CR²R¹), -CHR¹⁶(NR¹), =C(R²)(R¹⁶), -C(N(C₀-C₄alkyl)R²)(=NY¹R¹), -Y³C(Y²R²)(=NY¹R¹), -C(R²)(NR¹⁴C(=X²)NR¹R¹⁵), -C(R²)(OC(=X²)NR¹R¹⁵), -C(R²)(NR¹⁴C(=X²)R¹⁵), or -V¹-V², provided that B may be =C(R²)(R¹⁶) only in the compounds of Formulas IV and V and only where G is carbon in the compounds of Formulas IV and V;

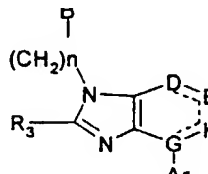
J¹ and J² are independently nitrogen or CR⁵; or J¹ or J² optionally connects to Z¹ to form a compound of Formula VI to IX;



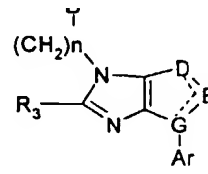
VI



VII



VIII



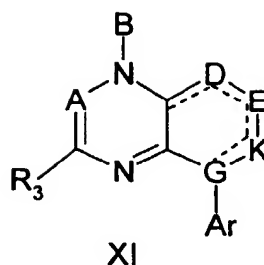
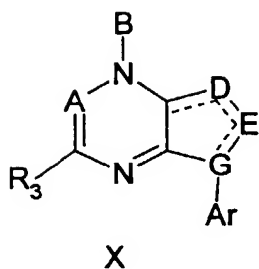
IX

Q and U are independently nitrogen or carbon provided that Q and U are not both nitrogen;

V¹ is (C₀-C₁ alkylene), O, S, NH, or -N(C₁-C₄ alkylene);

V² is a five to eight membered carbocyclic ring wherein one or two of the carbocyclic ring carbons may optionally and independently be replaced by O, S, N, or NZ³, and the ring optionally contains one to three double bonds, further wherein the ring is optionally substituted with from one to two R²² substituents and wherein the ring or R²² comprises the moiety C=N-Y¹-(C₁-C₄ alkylene);

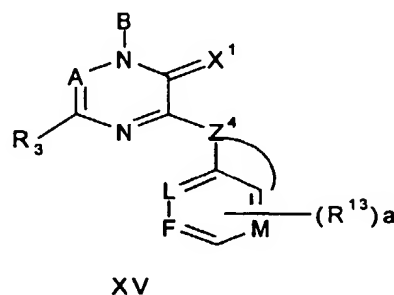
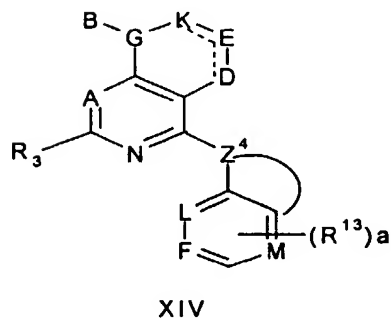
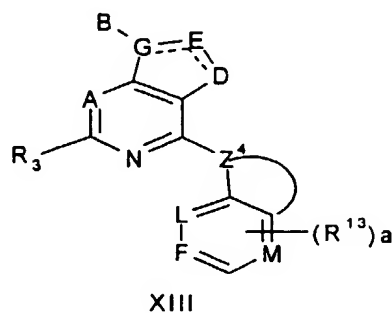
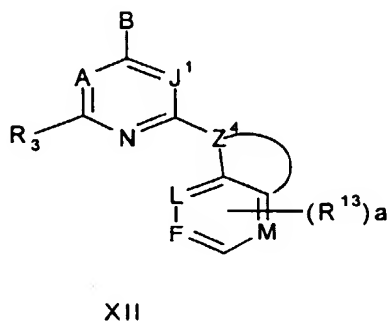
X¹ is O, S, =NOH, =NO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), or =C(H)(R⁵), =C(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(R⁵), wherein said C₁-C₄ alkyl in said X¹ group is optionally substituted with F, -O(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -OCF₃, -OCHF₂, or OH; or X¹ may bond to Z¹ to form a compound of Formula X or XI:



X² is S or O;

Y¹, Y², and Y³ are each independently O, S, NH, or -N(C₁-C₄ alkyl);

Z¹ is O, S, NH, -N(C₁-C₂ alkyl), NCOCF₃, NCO(C₁-C₂ alkyl), or -C(R¹¹)(R¹²), or Z¹ may bond to J¹, J², or X¹ to form said compounds of Formulas VI to XI, or Z¹ may bond to Ar at the ortho position of Ar to form a five or six membered fused ring in the compounds of Formulas XII to XV:



wherein:

D and E are independently selected from nitrogen and CR⁴ when double bonded to any adjacent ring atom, or are independently selected from C=O, C=S, sulfur, oxygen, C(R⁴)(R⁶), and NR⁸ when single bonded to both adjacent ring atoms;

F, M, and L are independently nitrogen or carbon, wherein the ring containing

F, M, and L is selected from phenyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl, and pyridazinyl;

K is selected from nitrogen and CR⁶ when it is double bonded to any adjacent ring atom, or K is selected from oxygen, sulfur, C=O, C=S, CR⁶R¹², and NR⁸ when it is single bonded to both adjacent atoms, or K is two bonded atoms, wherein one of the atoms is oxygen, sulfur, nitrogen, CR⁶, C=O, C=S, CR⁶R¹², or NR⁸, and the other is CR⁹ or CR⁶R¹²;

G is nitrogen or carbon, provided that when G is nitrogen it is single bonded to the adjacent E or K and when

G is carbon it is double bonded to the adjacent E or K, further provided that G may be a double bonded to B only where G is carbon, and that where G is double bonded to B, it is single bonded to E in Formulas IV and XIII and single bonded to K in Formulas V and XIV and further where G is double bonded to B, B is C(R²)(R¹⁶);

wherein the ring containing D, E, K, G, in Formula VII, VIII, or XI optionally has from one to three double bonds, from zero to two heteroatoms, and from zero to two C=O or C=S groups;

and wherein the ring containing D, E, G atoms in Formula VI, IX, or X optionally has one to two double bonds; further wherein when

Z¹ connects to the ortho position of Ar to form a five or six membered ring of a compound of Formulas XII to XV, the ring optionally contains from one to two double bonds, and wherein one or two of the carbon atoms of said five- to six- membered ring of Formulas XII to XV may optionally and independently be replaced by an oxygen or sulfur atom or by NZ²;

Z² is hydrogen or C₁-C₄ alkyl;

Z³ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, or benzyl;

Z⁴ is N, CH, or C(C₁-C₂ alkyl) when single bonded to both adjacent ring atoms, and Z⁴ is carbon when double bonded to either adjacent ring atom;

a is from one to four;

Ar is C₆-C₁₀ aryl or 5-10 membered heteroaryl, wherein Ar is optionally substituted with from one to four R¹³ substituents, and wherein two adjacent R¹³ substituents optionally form a five to seven membered ring structure fused to Ar, which five to seven membered ring may be further substituted with from one to four independently selected R¹³ substituents, and which five to seven membered ring optionally contains one to three double bonds and one to three heteroatoms selected from O, S, N, and NZ³, further wherein Ar may bond to Z¹ at the ortho position of Ar to form said compounds of Formulas XII to XV;

R¹ is H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₆-C₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, (C₁-C₆ alkylene)-(C₆-C₁₀ aryl), (C₁-C₆ alkylene)-(5-10 membered heteroaryl), C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₆ alkylene)-(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), C₃-C₈ spiroalkyl, C₃-C₈ heterocycloalkyl, or (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-(C₃-C₈ heterocycloalkyl), wherein each of said R¹ groups is optionally substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from hydroxy, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, C₁-C₆ alkyl, alkoxy, CF₃, -C(=O)O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -OC(=O)-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, -OC(=O)N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₂ alkyl), -NHCO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -COOH, -COO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -CONH₂, -CONH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₂ alkyl), -S(C₁-C₄ alkyl), CN, -NO₂, -SO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -SO₂(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -SO₂NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -SO₂N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₂ alkyl), and NR¹⁷R¹⁸, wherein each of the alkyl moieties of said R¹ groups that contains three or more carbons optionally contains one or two double or triple bonds and wherein each of the C₁-C₂ alkyl moieties in said R¹ groups optionally contains one double or triple bond, provided that when Y¹ is S, or O, and Y¹ is attached to R¹, then R¹ is not H;

R² is H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₆-C₁₀ aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, (C₁-C₆ alkylene)-Y¹-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), (C₁-C₆ alkylene)-(C₆-C₁₀ aryl), (C₁-C₆ alkylene)-(5-10 membered heteroaryl), C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₆ alkylene)-(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), wherein each of said R² groups is optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from chloro, fluoro and C₁-C₄ alkyl, or with one substituent selected from hydroxy, bromo, iodo, C₁-C₆ alkoxy, -OC(=O)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -OC(=O)NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -OC(=O)N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₂ alkyl), -S(C₁-C₆ alkyl), amino, -NH(C₁-C₂ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₂ alkyl)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)-CO-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -NHCO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -COOH, -COO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -CONH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₂ alkyl), -SH, -CN, -NO₂, -SO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -SO₂(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -SO₂NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl) and -SO₂N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₂ alkyl), provided that when Y² is S, or O, then R² is not H;

R³ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, -O(C₁-C₄ alkyl), chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, CF₃, (C₁-C₂ alkylene)O(C₁-C₂ alkyl), (C₁-C₂ alkylene)-OH, -S(C₁-C₄ alkyl) or -SO₂(C₁-C₄ alkyl);

R⁴ and R⁶ are each independently hydrogen, OH, (C₁-C₆ alkyl), or one of R⁴ or R⁶ is hydrogen, (C₁-C₄ alkyl), CF₃, CH₂CF₃, CF₂CF₃, and the other is -CO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -S(C₁-C₂ alkyl), -O(C₁-C₄ alkyl), or -NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), wherein adjacent substituents at D and E may optionally form a 5 to 6 membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring fused to the bicyclic ring containing D and E, wherein said heterocyclic ring contains 1 to 3 heteroatoms, and wherein CR⁴R⁶ optionally forms a C₃-C₅ carbocyclic ring wherein one member of said C₃-C₅ carbocyclic ring may optionally be replaced with O;

R⁵ is hydrogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, hydroxy, cyano, amino, (C₁-C₂ alkylene)-OH, (C₁-C₂ alkylene)-O(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -CH₂OCF₃, CF₃, -CH₂SMe, -S(C₁-C₃ alkyl), nitro, -O(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₂ alkyl), -S(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -C(=O)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -C(=NOH)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -C(=NO-(C₁-C₄ alkyl))(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -C(=O)H, -C(=O)O(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -CONR¹⁷R¹⁸, wherein each of the C₁-C₄ alkyl moieties of R⁵ optionally contains one double or triple bond and is optionally substituted with one substituent selected from hydroxy, amino, NHCOCH₃, NH(C₁-C₂ alkyl), and N(C₁-C₂ alkyl)₂;

R⁷ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, chloro, fluoro, iodo, bromo, hydroxy, -O(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -C(=O)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -C(=O)O(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -OCF₃, -CF₃, -CH₂OH or -CH₂O(C₁-C₂ alkyl);

R⁸, R⁹, and R¹⁰ are independently hydrogen or C₁-C₄ alkyl;

R¹¹ and R¹² are independently hydrogen, trifluoromethyl or methyl, or one of R¹¹ and R¹² is cyano and the other is hydrogen or methyl;

R¹³ is fluoro, chloro, iodo, bromo, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), -O(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -O(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), -O-(C₁-C₄ alkylene)-(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), formyl, OH, OCF₃, OCHF₂, (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-OH, (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₂ alkyl), -CN, -CF₃, CHF₂, NO₂, -NH₂, -NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₂ alkyl)(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -OC(=O)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -S(C₁-C₆ alkyl), (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-S-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -C(=O)O(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -C(=O)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), (C₀-C₂ alkylene)-C(=N-O(C₀-C₄ alkyl)), -COOH, -SO₂NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -SO₂N(C₁-C₂ alkyl)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -SO₂NH₂, -NHSO₂(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -S(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -SO₂(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -CONR¹⁷R¹⁸, (C₁-C₂ alkylene)NR¹⁷R¹ and C₃-C₈ carbocyclic ring in which one or two carbon atoms may be replaced with O, S, or N to form a heterocyclic ring and wherein said carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring may optionally contain one to three double bonds, and wherein each of the C₁-C₄ alkyl and C₁-C₆ alkyl moieties in said R¹³ group optionally has one or two double bonds, and said C₁-C₄ alkylene and said C₁-C₆ alkyl in said R¹³ group is optionally substituted with C₁-C₄ alkyl or F;

R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are independently selected from H, C₁-C₄ alkyl, -CH₂(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), and C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl;

R¹⁶ is -R¹⁹-C(=N-Y¹R¹)-R²⁰, wherein each alkyl or alkylene group in said R¹⁶ group optionally contains one or two double or triple bonds;

R¹⁷ and R¹⁸ are independently H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, or C₃-C₈ heterocycloalkyl; or NR¹⁷R¹⁸ forms a C₄-C₆ heterocyclo ring which is optionally substituted with hydrogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, CONH₂, CO[N(C₀-C₄ alkyl)(C₀-C₄ alkyl)], or C₄-C₈ heterocycloalkyl;

R¹⁹ is C₁-C₆ alkylene, (C₁-C₆ alkylene)-Y¹-(alkylene), CO, CS, SO, SO₂, wherein said alkylene is optionally substituted with hydroxy, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, CF₃, CHF₂, O-CF₃, OCHF₂, -C(=O)O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -OC(=O)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -OC(=O)N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₂ alkyl), -NHCO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -COOH, -COO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -CONH(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₂ alkyl), -S(C₁-C₄ alkyl), CN, -NO₂, -SO(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -SO₂(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -SO₂NH(C₁-C₄ alkyl) or -SO₂N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₂ alkyl);

R²⁰ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, (C₀-C₄ alkylene)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸, or (C₁-C₆ alkylene)-G¹-R²¹, wherein G¹ is oxygen or sulfur;

R²¹ is hydrogen, CF₃, or C₁-C₄ alkyl; and

R²² is hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, -O(C₁-C₄ alkyl), chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, CF₃, (C₁-C₂ alkylene)O(C₁-C₂ alkyl), (C₁-C₂ alkylene)-OH, -S(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -SO₂(C₁-C₄ alkyl); or C=N-Y¹-(C₁-C₄ alkyl);

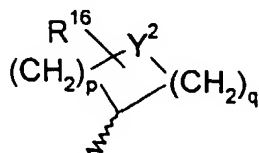
provided that in the five, six or seven membered rings of any of the above Formulae, there are not two adjacent double bonds and not two adjacent oxygen atoms;

and wherein, unless otherwise indicated, heteroaryl contains one to five heteroatoms selected from S, SO, SO₂, O, N, and NZ³ and contains no S-S, O-O, or S-O bonds, and heterocyclyl contains one to four heteroatoms selected from O, S, N, or NZ³, and one to three double bonds, and alkyl, alkoxy, spiroalkyl, cycloalkyl, and heterocycloalkyl optionally contain from one to three double or triple bonds;

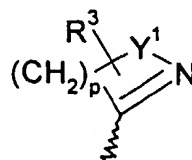
and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts and prodrugs of the compound.

2. A compound of claim 1 wherein B is -C(R²)(=N-O-R¹), -C(R²)(=N-NH-R¹), or -C(R²)(=N-N((C₁-C₄) alkyl)R¹).

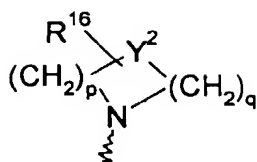
3. A compound of claim 1 wherein V² is selected from structures XVI-XX:



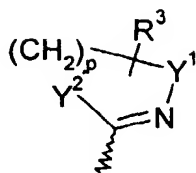
XVI



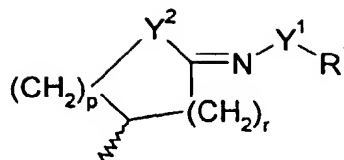
XVII



XVIII



XIX



XX

wherein p is 0-3, r is 0-2, and q is 1-3.

4. A compound of claim 1 of the Formula VII wherein said ring containing D, E, K, G is selected from a benzo, pyrido, pyridazino, or pyrimido ring, A is CH, CMe, or N, B is -C(R²)(=N-O-R¹), and R² is aryl, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, C₃-C₈ heterocycloalkyl, (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-(C₃-C₈ heterocycloalkyl), (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), CF₃, or CF₂CF₃.
5. A compound of claim 4 wherein R₂ is C₁-C₄ alkyl, CF₃, or CF₂CF₃, R¹ is H, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), or -C₁-C₄ alkyl-OH and Ar is phenyl, thiazolyl, naphthyl, thienyl, benzothienyl, pyridyl, quinolyl, quinazolinyl, quinoxalinyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, imidazolyl, furanyl, benzimidazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyrrolyl, indolyl, pyrrolopyridyl, oxazolyl and benzoxazolyl, or benzothiadiazole.
6. A compound of claim 5 wherein Ar is phenyl having two or three R¹³ substituents independently selected from C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₂ alkylene)-(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), -O-(C₁-C₂ alkylene)(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), -O-(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), -O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), CF₃, -OCF₃, -CHO, (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-OH, -C(OH)(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), cyano, chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo, wherein each of the foregoing (C₁-C₄) alkyl groups optionally contains one double or triple bond, R¹ is H, C₁-C₄ alkyl, (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-OH, (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), R² is methyl, ethyl, pyridin-2-yl, or trifluoromethyl, R³ is methyl, each of R⁴ and R⁶ is, independently, hydrogen or methyl, and R¹³ is methyl.
7. A compound of claim 1 of Formula VII wherein said ring containing D, E, K, and G is selected from benzo, pyrido, pyridazino, and pyrimido, A is CH or CMe, B is -C(R²)(OC(=O)NR¹R¹⁵), -C(R²)(NR¹⁴C(=O)NR¹R¹⁵) or NR¹⁶R², Y¹ is O, R¹ is H, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), or -C₁-C₄ alkyl-OH, R² is aryl, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, -C₁-C₄ alkyl-O-C₁-C₄ alkyl, CF₃, or CF₂CF₃, R³ is C₁-C₄ alkyl, chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo or -O-(C₁-C₄) alkyl, each of R⁴ and R⁶ is, independently, hydrogen or C₁-C₄ alkyl, and Ar is phenyl having two or three R¹³ substituents independently selected from C₁-C₄ alkyl, -O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), CF₃, -OCF₃, -CHO, (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-OH, -C(OH)(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), cyano, chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo, wherein each of the foregoing (C₁-C₄) alkyl groups optionally contains one double or triple bond.
8. A compound of claim 7 wherein R¹ is H or C₁-C₄ alkyl, R² is methyl, ethyl, pyridin-2-yl, or trifluoromethyl, R³ is methyl, each of R⁴ and R⁶ is, independently, hydrogen or methyl, R¹³ is methyl, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are independently H or C₁-C₄ alkyl, and R¹⁶ does not contain said optional double or triple bond.
9. A compound of claim 1 of the formula VII wherein said ring containing D, E, K, and G is a benzo ring, A is N, B is -C(R²)(OC(=O)NR¹R¹⁵), -C(R²)(NR¹⁴C(=O)NR¹R¹⁵) or NR¹⁶R², Y¹ is O, R¹ is H, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkyl-OH, R² is aryl, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, -C(OH)(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), CF₃, or CF₂CF₃, R³ is C₁-C₄ alkyl, chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo or -O-(C₁-C₄) alkyl, each of R⁴ and R⁶ is, independently, hydrogen or C₁-C₄ alkyl, and Ar is phenyl having two or three R¹³ substituents independently selected from C₁-C₄ alkyl, -O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), CF₃, -OCF₃, -CHO, (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-OH, -C(OH)(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), cyano, chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo, wherein each of the foregoing (C₁-C₄) alkyl groups optionally contains one double or triple bond.
10. A compound of claim 9 wherein R¹ is H or C₁-C₄ alkyl, R² is methyl, ethyl, pyridin-2-yl, or trifluoromethyl, R³ is methyl, each of R⁴ and R⁶ is, independently, hydrogen or methyl, R¹³ is methyl, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are independently H

or C₁-C₄ alkyl, and R¹⁶ does not contain said optional double or triple bond.

11. A compound of claim 1 of the formula VII wherein said ring containing D, E, K, and G is a benzo ring, A is N, R² is C₁-C₄ alkyl and R¹⁶ is (C₁-C₂ alkylene)-C[=NO(C₀-C₂ alkyl)](C₁-C₂ alkyl).

12. A compound of claim 1 of the formula VII wherein said ring containing D, E, K, and G is a benzo ring, A is N, B is -C(R²)(=NOR¹), R² is C₁-C₄ alkyl, pyridyl, thiazolyl, CF₃, or CF₃CF₂, and R₁ is H or C₁-C₄ alkyl.

13. A compound of claim 1 of the formula VII wherein said ring containing D, E, K, and G is a benzo ring, A is N, and B forms a five membered heterocyclic ring.

14. A compound of claim 13 wherein B is thiazolidino ring with a substituent of (C₀-C₂ alkylene)-C[=NO(C₀-C₂ alkyl)](C₁-C₂ alkyl).

15. A compound of claim 13 wherein B group comprises a tetrahydrofurano ring with a substituent of (C₀-C₂ alkylene)-C[=NO(C₀-C₂ alkyl)](C₁-C₂ alkyl).

16. A compound of claim 1 of the formula VII wherein said ring containing D, E, K, and G is a benzo ring, pyrido, pyridazino, or pyrimido ring, A is N, and B is -C(R²)(=N-NH-R¹) or -C(R²)(=N-N((C₁-C₄) alkyl)R¹).

17. A compound of claim 1 of the formula VII wherein said ring containing D, E, K, and G is a benzo ring, pyrido, pyridazino, or pyrimido ring, A is N, and B is Y³C(R²)(=NY¹R¹).

18. A compound of claim 1 wherein said compound is of the Formula VII, A is CR⁷, and D and E are CR⁴ or C(R⁴)(R⁶).

19. A compound of claim 1 of the Formula VI wherein A is N and Q, U, D, G, and E form a pyrrolo or pyrazolo ring.

20. A compound of claim 19 wherein B is -C(R²)(=N-O-R¹), C(R²)(NR¹⁴C(=O)NR¹R¹⁵), -C(R²)(NR¹⁴C(=O)NR¹R¹⁵) or NR¹⁶R², Y¹ is O, R¹ is H, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -C₁-C₄ alkyl-OH, R² is aryl, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, -C₁-C₄ alkyl-O-C₁-C₄ alkyl, CF₃, or CF₂CF₃, R³ is C₁-C₄ alkyl, chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, or -O-(C₁-C₄) alkyl, R⁴ is hydrogen or C₁-C₄ alkyl, and Ar is phenyl having two or three R¹³ substituents independently selected from C₁-C₄ alkyl, -O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-O-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), CF₃, -OCF₃, -CHO, (C₁-C₄ alkylene)-OH, cyano, -C(OH)(C₁-C₄ alkyl)(C₁-C₄ alkyl), chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo, wherein each of the foregoing (C₁-C₄) alkyl groups optionally contains one double or triple bond.

21. A compound of claim 20 wherein R¹ is H or C₁-C₄ alkyl, R² is methyl, ethyl, pyridin-2-yl, or trifluoromethyl, R³ is methyl, R⁴ is hydrogen or methyl, R¹³ is methyl, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are independently H or C₁-C₄ alkyl, and R¹⁶ does not contain said optional double or triple bond.

22. A compound claim 1 selected from the group consisting of:

a compound of the Formula VI wherein A is CH, CMe, and Q, U, D, G, and E form a pyrrolo or pyrazolo ring;
a compound of the Formula I wherein the ring containing A, J¹, and U is a pyridine ring, and Z¹ is O or S;
a compound of the Formula I wherein the ring containing A, J¹, and U is a pyridine ring, and Z¹ is NH or CH₂;
a compound of the Formula I wherein the ring containing A, J¹, and U is a pyrimidine ring, and Z¹ is O, S, or NH;
a compound of the Formula VII wherein A is N and the ring containing Q, U, D, E, K, and G is a dihydro-oxazino ring;
a compound of the Formula VII wherein A is CH and the ring containing Q, U, D, E, K, and G is a dihydro-oxazino ring;
a compound of the Formula VII wherein Q and U are carbon;
a compound of the Formula VII wherein A is CR⁷, and D and E are CR⁴ or C(R⁴)(R⁶); and
a compound of the Formula VII wherein A is N and the ring containing Q, U, D, E, K, and G is a dihydro-oxazino ring.

23. A compound of claim 1 selected from the group consisting of

(E)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;
(Z)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[2, 3-d]pyrimidin-6-one;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-O-methyl-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

(E)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

(Z)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (E)-O-methyl-oxime;

1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (Z)-O-methyl-oxime;

[2-(4-Chloro-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone (Z)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-isobutyl-oxime;

(Z)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-6-one;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-O-methyl-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

(E)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

(Z)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridine-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (E)-O-methyl-oxime;

1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (Z)-O-methyl-oxime;

[2-(4-Chloro-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone (Z)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-isobutyl-oxime;

[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone O-ethyl-oxime;

Propyl-carbamic acid 1-[2-(4-chloro-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridine-yl]-propyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[2-methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-ethyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-methyl-2-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-butyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[7-methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propyl ester;

1-[1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propyl]-3-methyl-urea

Methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[7-methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-ethyl ester;

1-Methyl-3-[1-[2-methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propyl]-urea;

N-[Thiazol-2-yl]-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl]-acetamide;

1-Methyl-3-[thiazol-2-yl]-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl]-urea;

(E)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

(Z)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

(E)-1-[2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

(Z)-1-[2,5-Dimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

(E)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

me;

(Z)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

(E)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2-methyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

(Z)-1-[2,5,6-Tdmethyl-7-(2-methyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

(E)-1-[2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

(Z)-1-[2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

(E)-1-[2,5-dimethyl-7-(2-methyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

(Z)-1-[2,5-dimethyl-7-(2-methyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

(E)-1-[2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

(Z)-1-[2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

(E)-1-(2,5-dimethyl-7-(2-methyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl)-propan-1-one oxime;

(Z)-1-[2,5-dimethyl-7-(2-methyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo

[2,3-d]pyrimidin-6-one;

5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2,5-dimethyl-7-(2-methyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-6-one;

5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-6-one;

5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-6-one;

5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2, 5-dimethyl-7-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-6-one;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2-methyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2-methyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-bromo-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-bromo-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4-dimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4-dimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-bromo-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2-trifluomethoxy-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

(E)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

(Z)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

(E)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethoxy-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

(Z)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethoxy-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

(E)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethoxy-4-methyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

(Z)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethoxy-4-methyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-

1-one (Z)-oxime;
 1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (E)-O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (Z)-O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (E)-O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (Z)-O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (E)-O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (Z)-O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (E)-O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (Z)-O-methyl-oxime;
 [2-(4-Chloro-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone (Z)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-isobutyl-oxime;
 (Z)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;
 [2-(4-methoxy-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone (Z)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-isobutyl-oxime;
 (Z)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;
 5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-6-one;
 5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-6-one;
 5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-6-one;
 5-Hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxyimino-propyl)-2,5-dimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethoxy-phenyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-6-one;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 (E)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 (Z)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;
 1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;
 (E)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 (Z)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;
 1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;
 1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (E)-O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (Z)-O-methyl-oxime;
 [2-(4-Chloro-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone (Z)-oxime;
 1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-isobutyl-oxime;
 [2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone O-ethyl-oxime;
 1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (E)-O-methyl-oxime;
 1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (Z)-O-me-

thyl-oxime;

[2-(4-methoxy-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone (Z)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-isobutyl-oxime;

[2-Methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone O-ethyl-oxime,

Propyl-carbamic acid 1-[2-(4-methoxy-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[2-methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-ethyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-methyl-2-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-butyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[7-methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propyl ester;

1-[1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propyl]-3-methyl-urea;

Methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[7-methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-ethyl ester;

1-Methyl-3-[1-[2-methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propyl]-urea;

N-[Thiazol-2-yl-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl]-acetamide;

1-Methyl-3-[thiazol-2-yl-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-chloro-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl]-urea;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[2-methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-ethyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-methyl-2-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-butyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[7-methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propyl ester;

1-[1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propyl]-3-methyl-urea;

Methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[7-methyl-1-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-ethyl ester;

1-Methyl-3-[1-[2-methyl-8-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propyl]-urea;

N-[Thiazol-2-yl-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl]-acetamide; and

1-Methyl-3-[thiazol-2-yl-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,6-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl]-urea.

24. A compound of claim 23 selected from the group consisting of:

(E)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

(Z)-1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

(E)-1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one -O-methyl-oxime;

(Z)-1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

(E)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

(Z)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one oxime;

(E)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

(Z)-1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-methyl-oxime;

1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (E)-oxime;

1-[7-Methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propan-1-one (Z)-oxime;

me;

(E) and (Z)-[2-(4-Chloro-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-pyridin-2-yl-methanone (Z)-oxime;
1-[2-Methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propan-1-one O-isobutyl-oxime;

(E) and (Z)- 1-[2,5,6-Trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-ethanone (Z)-O-methyl-oxime;

Propyl-carbamic acid 1-[2-(4-chloro-2,6-dimethyl-phenoxy)-3,6-dimethyl-pyridin-4-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[3,6-dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[2-methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-ethyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-methyl-2-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-butyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-propyl ester;

Methyl-carbamic acid 1-[7-methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-propyl ester;

1-[1-[3,6-Dimethyl-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-4-yl]-propyl]-3-methyl-urea

Methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[7-methyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-1,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[4,5-d][1,3]oxazin-5-yl]-ethyl ester;

1-Methyl-3-{1-[2-methyl-8-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-quinolin-4-yl]-propyl}-urea;

N-{Thiazol-2-yl-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl}-acetamide; and

1-Methyl-3-{thiazol-2-yl-[2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl}-urea.

25. A compound according to any of claims 1 to 24 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof for use in medicine.

26. Use of a compound according to any of claims 1 to 24 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof in the preparation of a medicament for the curative, palliative or prophylactic treatment of (a) a disorder the treatment of which can be effected or facilitated by antagonizing CRF, including but not limited to disorders induced or facilitated by CRF, or (b) a disorder selected from inflammatory disorders such as rheumatoid arthritis and osteoarthritis, pain, asthma, psoriasis and allergies; generalized anxiety disorder; panic; phobias; obsessive-compulsive disorder; post-traumatic stress disorder; sleep disorders induced by stress; pain perception such as fibromyalgia; mood disorders such as depression, including major depression, single episode depression, recurrent depression, child abuse induced depression, mood disorders associated with premenstrual syndrome, and postpartum depression; dysthemia; bipolar disorders; schizophrenia; cyclothymia; chronic fatigue syndrome; stress-induced headache; cancer; irritable bowel syndrome, Crohn's disease; spastic colon; post operative ileus; ulcer; diarrhea; stress-induced fever; human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infections; neurodegenerative diseases such as Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease and Huntington's disease; gastrointestinal diseases; eating disorders such as anorexia and bulimia nervosa; hemorrhagic stress; chemical dependencies and addictions drug and alcohol withdrawal symptoms; stress-induced psychotic episodes; euthyroid sick syndrome; syndrome of inappropriate antidiuretic hormone (ADH); obesity; infertility; head traumas; spinal cord trauma; ischemic neuronal damage; excitotoxic neuronal damage; epilepsy; stroke; immune dysfunctions including stress induced immune dysfunctions; muscular spasms; urinary incontinence; senile dementia of the Alzheimer's type; multiinfarct dementia; amyotrophic lateral sclerosis; hypertension; tachycardia; congestive heart failure; osteoporosis; premature birth; hypoglycemia; disorders that can be treated by altering circadian rhythm such as time zone change syndrome, seasonal affective disorder, irregular sleep-wake pattern, delayed sleep phase syndrome, advanced sleep phase syndrome, non-24 hour sleep wake disorder, light-induced clock resetting, REM sleep disorder, hypersomnia, parasomnia, narcolepsy, nocturnal enuresis, restless legs syndrome, sleep apnea, dysthymia, and abnormal circadian rhythm associated with chronic administration and withdrawal of antidepressant agents; migraine or non-migraine headache; emesis; and syndrome x.

27. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound as claimed in any of claims 1 to 24 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

28. Use of the pharmaceutical composition of claim 27 in the preparation of a medicament for the curative, palliative or prophylactic treatment of (a) a disorder the treatment of which can be effected or facilitated by antagonizing

CRF, including but not limited to disorders induced or facilitated by CRF, or (b) a disorder selected from inflammatory disorders such as rheumatoid arthritis and osteoarthritis, pain, asthma, psoriasis and allergies; generalized anxiety disorder; panic; phobias; obsessive-compulsive disorder; post-traumatic stress disorder; sleep disorders induced by stress; pain perception such as fibromyalgia; mood disorders such as depression, including major depression, single episode depression, recurrent depression, child abuse induced depression, mood disorders associated with premenstrual syndrome, and postpartum depression; dysthymia; bipolar disorders; schizophrenia; cyclothymia; chronic fatigue syndrome; stress-induced headache; cancer; irritable bowel syndrome, Crohn's disease; spastic colon; post operative ileus; ulcer; diarrhea; stress-induced fever; human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infections; neurodegenerative diseases such as Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease and Huntington's disease; gastrointestinal diseases; eating disorders such as anorexia and bulimia nervosa; hemorrhagic stress; chemical dependencies and addictions drug and alcohol withdrawal symptoms; stress-induced psychotic episodes; euthyroid sick syndrome; syndrome of inappropriate antidiuretic hormone (ADH); obesity; infertility; head traumas; spinal cord trauma; ischemic neuronal damage; excitotoxic neuronal damage; epilepsy; stroke; immune dysfunctions including stress induced immune dysfunctions; muscular spasms; urinary incontinence; senile dementia of the Alzheimer's type; multiinfarct dementia; amyotrophic lateral sclerosis; hypertension; tachycardia; congestive heart failure; osteoporosis; premature birth; hypoglycemia; disorders that can be treated by altering circadian rhythm such as time zone change syndrome, seasonal affective disorder, irregular sleep-wake pattern, delayed sleep phase syndrome, advanced sleep phase syndrome, non-24 hour sleep wake disorder, light-induced clock resetting, REM sleep disorder, hypersomnia, parasomnia, narcolepsy, nocturnal enuresis, restless legs syndrome, sleep apnea, dysthymia, and abnormal circadian rhythm associated with chronic administration and withdrawal of anti-depressant agents; migraine or non-migraine headache; emesis; and syndrome x, in a mammal, comprising an amount of a compound according to claim 1 that is effective in the treatment of such disorder, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.